



GN-373

106551

V Semester B.B.A. Examination, December - 2019
(CBCS) (F+R) (2016-17 and Onwards)

BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

5.1 : Entrepreneurial Management

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 70

Instruction : Answers should be written in **English** only.

SECTION - A

Answer **any five** sub-questions. Each sub-question carries **2** marks. **5x2=10**

1. (a) Mention any four types of entrepreneurs.
(b) Mention any two characteristics of a small scale industry.
(c) Mention any four limitations of a sole-proprietorship.
(d) What is meant by technical feasibility of a project ?
(e) Expand : SISI, SIDBI.
(f) Mention any two essential qualities of an entrepreneur.
(g) Mention any two factors influencing entrepreneurship.

SECTION - B

Answer **any three** questions. Each question carries **6** marks. **3x6=18**

2. Explain any six functions of an entrepreneur.
3. Explain any six problems faced by small scale industries.
4. Explain any six factors affecting product selection.
5. Explain any six components of a business plan.
6. Explain any six financial incentives available to small scale industries.

P.T.O.



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SECTION - C

Answer **any three** questions. Each question carries **14** marks.

3x14=42

7. Explain any seven advantages and seven disadvantages of being an entrepreneur.
8. Explain the different patterns of ownership of a small scale industry and also two advantages and two disadvantages of each pattern.
9. Explain any ten factors affecting the location of a small scale industry.
10. Explain any six pitfalls in preparing a business plan and also the techniques of avoiding the same.
11. Explain any seven causes of industrial sickness.

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V Semester B.B.A. Examination, December - 2019
(F+R) (CBCS) (Semester Scheme) (2016-17 and Onwards)

BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

5.2 : Computer Applications In Business

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 70

Instruction : Answers should be written in **English** only.

SECTION - A

I. Answer **any 5** sub-questions. Each sub-question carries **two** marks. **5x2=10**

1. (a) What do you mean by data processing ?
(b) What do you mean by Gateway of Tally ?
(c) What is a Work Sheet ?
(d) What is an Information System ?
(e) Define a Cell.
(f) Define Data.
(g) What is TPS ?

SECTION - B

II. Answer **any 3** questions. Each question carries **six** marks. **3x6=18**

2. What are the differences between Data and Information ?
3. Write a note on Bullets and Numbering.
4. Explain the advantages of Tally.
5. Explain the process of inserting a New Slide in Power Point.
6. Explain the features of office automation system.

**SECTION - C**

III. Answer **any 3** questions. Each question carries **fourteen** marks. **3x14=42**

- 7.** Explain the different types of Information System.
- 8.** Explain the different types of Data Models.
- 9.** What is DBMS ? What are the advantages and disadvantages of DBMS ?
- 10.** Explain different Vouchers in Tally.
- 11.** Explain the main components of MS excel window.

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V Semester B.B.A. Examination, December - 2019

(CBCS) (F+R) (2016-17 and Onwards)

BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

Paper - 5.3 : Investment Management

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 70

Instruction : Answers should be written in **English** only.

SECTION - A

Answer **any five** of the following sub-questions. Each sub-question carries **two** marks. **5x2=10**

1. (a) Define Risk.
- (b) What are Financial Assets ?
- (c) What do you mean by Liquidity ?
- (d) Expand ULIP.
- (e) What is Warrant ?
- (f) What is Portfolio Management ?
- (g) Mention any two types of Mutual Funds.

SECTION - B

Answer **any three** of the following questions. Each question carries **six** marks. **3x6=18**

2. Explain various characteristics of Investment.
3. Distinguish between Fundamental Analysis and Technical Analysis.
4. Explain securities Trading procedure.
5. Explain personal Financial planning process.



6. Find out expected rate of returns from the following :

Economic condition	Probability of occurrence	% of Return
Boom	0.6	12
Normal	0.5	10
Recession	0.3	07

SECTION - C

Answer **any three** of the following questions. Each question carries **fourteen** marks.

3x14=42

7. Discuss SEBI regulations on Mutual Funds.
8. Discuss various Investment Avenues.
9. Explain in detail different types of Risks.
10. Explain Security Selection Process.
11. Following are the expected returns from the securities of two companies. A ltd. and B ltd. under different conditions. Securities of the companies are quoted at ₹ 100 each.

Condition	Probability	Returns of A ltd.	Returns of B ltd.
Inflation	0.3	100	150
Deflation	0.4	110	130
Normal	0.2	120	90

Which of the two companies are risky ?



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V Semester B.B.A. Examination, December - 2019
(CBCS) (F+R) (2016-17 & Onwards)

BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION
5.4 : MANAGEMENT ACCOUNTING

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 70

Instruction : Answers should be written in **English** only.

SECTION - A

1. Answer **any five** sub-questions. Each sub-question carries **two** marks. **5x2=10**

- (a) Define Management Accounting.
- (b) Name any 4 tools of Management Accounting.
- (c) What is Ratio analysis ?
- (d) What is Contribution ?
- (e) State any 4 assumptions of Marginal Costing.
- (f) What do you mean by flexible budget ?
- (g) Given :

(Gross Profit) G/P ratio 20% on sales,

Amount of sales for the year is ₹ 5,00,000

Opening stock is ₹ 70,000 and

Closing stock is ₹ 1,20,000

Calculate Stock Turnover Ratio.

SECTION - B

Answer **any three** questions. Each question carries **six** marks.

3x6=18

2. Briefly explain the advantages and disadvantages of Ratio Analysis.

P.T.O.



3. The Sales and Profit during two years were as follows :

Years	Sales (₹)	Profit (₹)
2016	2,80,000	20,000
2017	3,20,000	30,000

Calculate :

- P/V ratio
 - BEP
 - Sales required to earn a profit of ₹ 40,000
4. Prepare a statement of changes in Working Capital from the following :

	2016 (₹)	2017 (₹)
Sundry Debtors	40,000	60,000
Sundry Creditors	30,000	35,000
Bank Overdraft	7,000	5,000
O/S Expenses	11,000	9,000
O/S Income	5,000	7,000
Expenses paid in Advance	4,000	6,000
Income received in Advance	8,000	3,000
Stock	10,000	12,000
Cash	14,000	20,000

5. Mention any six differences between Financial Accounting and Management Accounting.
6. Apple limited has prepared budget for the production of 1,00,000 units of a product for a costing period as under :

	Per Unit (₹)
Raw materials	10.00
Direct labour	3.00
Direct Expenses	0.40
Works Overheads	10.00 (60% fixed)
Selling Overheads	1.60 (80% fixed)
Administration Overheads	0.80 (50% fixed)
Total cost per unit	25.80

Actual production in the period was only 60,000 units.

Prepare Flexible Budget for the production of 60,000 units and 1,00,000 units.

**SECTION - C**

Answer **any three** questions from the following. Each question carries **14** marks. **3x14=42**

7. From the following information, complete the Profit and Loss account and Balance sheet as on 31.12.2013 for Divya Limited.

Gross profit ratio	: 20%
Net profit ratio	: 15%
Sales/Stock ratio	: 6
Fixed assets/Current assets	: 2/2
Fixed assets / Capital	: 3/2
Capital/ Outsider Liabilities	: 2/4
Closing stock	: ₹ 3,00,000
Fixed Assets	: ₹ 20,00,000

Trading and P/L A/c				Balance Sheet			
	₹		₹	Capital xxx + Profit xx	xxx	F.A	xxx
To COGS	xxx	By Sales	xxx	Outside Liabilities	xxx	C.Assets	xxx
To G/P	xx					Stock	xxx
	xxx		xxx			Other Current Assets	xxx
To Expenses	xxx	By G/P	xxx		xxx		xxx
To N/P	xxx						
	xxx		xxx				

8. Following is the B/s of Modern industries as on 31.12.2017 and 2018.

Liabilities	2017	2018	Assets	2017	2018
Share Capital	4,00,000	5,00,000	Fixed Assets	5,00,000	7,00,000
General Reserve	1,00,000	1,50,000	Investments	2,00,000	1,80,000
P/L A/c	1,00,000	1,50,000	Stock	1,50,000	1,00,000
10% Debentures	2,00,000	2,00,000	Debtors	1,20,000	2,00,000
Depn. Provision	1,50,000	2,00,000	Cash	25,000	95,000
Provision for tax	40,000	50,000	Underwriting Commission	10,000	5,000
Creditors	15,000	30,000			
	10,05,000	12,80,000		10,05,000	12,80,000



The following transactions took place during the year 2018 :

- Dividends paid ₹ 40,000
- Income Tax paid ₹ 50,000
- There was a profit on sale of Investments ₹ 10,000
- A machinery costing ₹ 50,000 on which there was accumulated depreciation of ₹ 40,000 was sold for ₹ 20,000

Prepare :

- Statement showing changes in Working Capital
- Fund Flow statement.

9. 'N' Ltd., provided the B/s as on 31.03.2016 and 2017 as follows :

Liabilities	2016 (₹)	2017 (₹)	Assets	2016 (₹)	2017 (₹)
Share Capital	5,00,000	5,00,000	Land and Building	3,50,000	4,00,000
P/L A/c	40,000	1,00,000	P/M (Plant and Machinery)	2,70,000	2,50,000
Loan	1,70,000	1,20,000	Goodwill	50,000	35,000
S. Creditors	25,000	33,000	Stock	35,000	65,000
Prov'n. for Tax'n	40,000	50,000	Debtors	30,000	20,000
Unclaimed Dividend	-	7,000	Accrued Interest	10,000	-
			Cash	30,000	40,000
	7,75,000	8,10,000		7,75,000	8,10,000

Adjustments :

- Net Profit after providing ₹ 80,000 for depreciation is ₹ 1,10,000
- Dividend declared during the year is @ 10%
- Income Tax paid for the year is ₹ 35,000
- Depreciation for Land and Building is ₹ 60,000 and P/M (Plant and Machinery) is ₹ 20,000

Prepare Cash flow statement.

10. The profit earned by a Company is 25% on sales during 2006 and it is 30% on sales during 2007. If the sales for 2006 is ₹ 2,00,000 and 2007 is ₹ 3,00,000. Find out :

- P/V ratio
- BEP
- Expected sales to earn a profit of ₹ 1,00,000
- The profit for sales of ₹ 5,00,000



11. The information regarding the expenses of a Company at 50% capacity is as follows :

		₹
Fixed Expenses	Salary	1,10,000
	Rent	30,000
	Administrative Exps	70,000
	Depreciation	45,000
Variable Exps	Material	24,000
	Labour	66,000
	Others	36,000
Semi-Variable Exps	Indirect Labour	50,000
	Repairs and Maintenance	40,000
	Electricity	20,000

The Estimated sales at various level of capacity are :

₹ 5,00,000 @ 40% capacity

₹ 6,25,000 @ 50% capacity

₹ 7,50,000 @ 60% capacity

₹ 8,75,000 @ 70% capacity

The Fixed Exps will remain same till 100% capacity, Semi-variable Expenses remain constant till 50% capacity. It will increase by 10% between 50% and 65% capacity and further increased by 5% above 65% capacity.

Prepare a Flexible Budget and Calculate the profit at various levels of capacities (40%, 50%, 60% and 70%).



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V Semester B.B.A. Examination, December - 2019
(CBCS) (F+R) (2016-17 and Onwards)
BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION (ELECTIVE PAPER - I)
MK-5.5 : Consumer Behaviour

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 70

Instruction : Answers should be written in **English** only.

SECTION - A

Answer **any five** sub-questions of the following. Each sub-question carries **2** marks. **5x2=10**

1. (a) Who is a Consumer ?
(b) Give the meaning of social responsibility.
(c) Define the term Market Segmentation.
(d) State the benefits of motivation.
(e) What is Consumer Perception ?
(f) Give the meaning of Personality.
(g) State any two types of family.

SECTION - B

Answer **any three** of the following. Each question carries **6** marks. **3x6=18**

2. Write a note on Indian Consumer Market.
3. Explain the importance of Motivation.
4. Explain the characteristics of reference groups.
5. Discuss the reasons behind Consumer Decision Making.
6. Explain the effects of Consumerism.

P.T.O.

**SECTION - C**

Answer **any three** of the following. Each question carries **14** marks. **3x14=42**

7. Explain various bases of Market Segmentation.
8. Discuss various theories of Personality.
9. Discuss cross cultural influences on consumer behaviour.
10. Discuss various theories of diffusion.
11. Explain various measures for enhancing consumer satisfaction.

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V Semester B.B.A. Examination, December - 2019
(CBCS) (F+R) (2016-17 and Onwards)

BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

**5.5 : ELECTIVE PAPER - I ADVANCED FINANCIAL
MANAGEMENT**

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 70

Instruction : Answers should be written in **English** only.

SECTION - A

Answer **any five** sub-questions. Each sub-question carries **2** marks. **5x2=10**

1. (a) What is risk analysis ?
(b) What is sensitivity analysis ?
(c) Define capital structure.
(d) What do you mean by bonus issue ?
(e) What is a stock dividend ?
(f) What is factoring ?
(g) What is aging schedule ?

SECTION - B

Answer **any three** questions. Each question carries **six** marks. **3x6=18**

2. Explain the different techniques of measuring risks.
3. Write the assumptions and arguments of MM Model.
4. Write the importance of capital structure.
5. What is working capital ? Explain the factors determining working capital.
6. What do you mean by business valuation ? Explain the elements of business valuation.

P.T.O.



SECTION - C

Answer **any three** questions. Each question carries **fourteen** marks. **3x14=42**

7. 'A' company limited is considering the purchase of a new investment. Two alternative investments are available A and B, both costing ₹ 1,00,000. Cashflows are expected to be as follows :

Year	Cashflow of Project - A (₹)	Cashflow of Project - B (₹)
1	40,000	50,000
2	35,000	40,000
3	25,000	30,000
4	20,000	30,000

The company has a target return on capital of 10%. Risk premium rate is 2% and 8% respectively for investments A and B. Which project should be preferred for investment ?

8. Following are the details regarding the capital structure of a company.

Type of capital	Book value (₹)	Market value (₹)	Specific cost (%)
Debentures	40,000	38,000	5
Preference Capital	10,000	11,000	8
Equity Capital	60,000	1,20,000	13
Retained Earnings	20,000	-	9

You are required to determine the weighted average cost of capital using :

- Book Value as weights
- Market Value as weights



9. Furguson and company wishes to arrange overdraft facilities with its Bankers during the period April to June 2019. It will be manufacturing mostly for stock purposes during this period. Prepare a cash budget for the above period from the following data, indicating the extent of the bank overdraft facilities the company will require at the end of each month.

2019	Sales (₹)	Purchases (₹)	Wages (₹)
February	1,80,000	1,24,800	12,000
March	1,92,000	1,44,000	14,000
April	1,08,000	1,43,000	11,000
May	1,74,000	2,46,000	10,000
June	1,26,000	2,68,000	15,000

50 percent of the sales are realised in the month following the sales and the remaining 50 percent in the second month following. Creditors are paid in the month following the month of purchase. Cash at bank on 1st April 2019 (estimated) ₹ 25,000.

10. Find out the relationship of dividend policy and the value of share according to Gordon's model.

Particulars	A	B	C
$r =$	0.30	0.20	0.15
$K_e =$	0.20	0.20	0.20
$E =$	₹ 5	₹ 5	₹ 5

Effect of dividend policy on market value of shares according to Gordon's model when retention ratio is 40% and 60%. Comment on the results.

11. Explain various situations which may call for a formal business valuation.



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V Semester B.B.A. Examination, December - 2019
(CBCS) (F+R) (2016-17 and Onwards)
BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION (Elective Paper - I)
5.5 : EMPLOYEE WELFARE AND SOCIAL SECURITY

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 70

Instruction : Answers should be written in **English** only.

SECTION - A

Answer **any five** sub-questions. Each sub-question carries **two** marks. **5x2=10**

1. (a) Define the term Labour Welfare.
(b) Mention any two general welfare programs.
(c) Give the meaning of Extra Mural.
(d) What is Tripartite System ?
(e) What is social assistance ?
(f) What do you mean by the term Labour Administration ?
(g) Expand the term - CBWE and DGET.

SECTION - B

Answer **any three** questions. Each question carries **six** marks.

3x6=18

2. State various objectives of Labour Welfare.
3. Explain various agencies of Labour Welfare.
4. Discuss the concept of social security.
5. What are the autonomous organisations of Labour Administration ?
6. Describe various duties of Director General of Employment and Training.

**SECTION - C**

Answer **any three** questions. Each question carries **fourteen** marks. **3x14=42**

7. Explain the dynamics of economic growth and Labour Welfare.
8. Who is a Welfare Officer ? Discuss his role in welfare activities.
9. Discuss merits and demerits of welfare measures.
10. Briefly explain various wings of labour department.
11. Explain various ESI Schemes.

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V Semester B.B.A. Examination, December - 2019
(Fresher+Repeaters) (CBCS) (2016-17 and Onwards)

BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

**HR-5.6 : Elective Paper-II : Strategic Human Resource
Management**

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 70

Instruction : Answer should be written in **English** only.

SECTION - A

Answer **any five** Sub-questions. Each Sub-question carries **2** marks. **5x2=10**

1. (a) What is HR Strategy ?
(b) What is employee job security ?
(c) What is job enrichment ?
(d) Expand ESOP and BPR.
(e) What is global HRM ?
(f) What is internationalization of business ?
(g) What is training ?

SECTION - B

Answer **any three** questions. Each question carries **6** marks.

3x6=18

2. Explain TQM programme.
3. What are HR strategies to increase firm's performance ?
4. Write a note on strategic pay plan.
5. Explain global selection approaches.
6. What is job rotation ? What are its advantages and limitations ?

P.T.O.

**SECTION - C**

Answer **any three** questions. Each question carries **14** marks.

3x14=42

7. Explain the important factors of SHRM.
8. What is organizational change ? What are the approaches to organizational change ?
9. Explain the benefits of investment in training and development.
10. Explain :
 - (a) Flexible work arrangement.
 - (b) Double taxation.
11. Explain the components of HR competencies.

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V Semester B.B.A. Examination, December - 2019

(F+R) (CBCS) (2016-17 and Onwards)

BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

FN-5.6 : Elective Paper - II : FINANCIAL MARKETS AND SERVICES

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 70

Instruction : All answers should be legibly written in **English Only**.

SECTION - A

1. Answer **any five** of the following sub-questions. Each sub-question carries **2** marks.

5x2=10

- What is secondary market ?
- Mention two objectives of merchant bank.
- What is price rigging ?
- Expand NSE and SEBI.
- What do you mean by Mutual Fund ?
- What is a Smart Card ?
- Who is a Financial Advisor ?

SECTION - B

Answer **any three** of the following questions. Each question carries **6** marks.

3x6=18

- Discuss the functions of OTCEI.
- Explain different types of leasing.
- What are the objectives of SEBI ?
- Write a note on functions of mutual funds in India.
- Briefly explain the need for customization of Investment Portfolio.

P.T.O.

**SECTION - C**

Answer **any three** of the following questions. Each question carries **14 marks.** **3x14=42**

7. What is financial market ? Explain its functions.
8. Explain the types of non-banking financial corporations in India.
9. Explain the powers and functions of SEBI.
10. Explain the advantages and disadvantages of mutual funds.
11. Write a note on recent trends in financial services.

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101939

V Semester B.B.A. Examination, December - 2019
(F+R) (CBCS) (2016-17 and Onwards)

BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

5.6 : Elective Paper-II : Advertising and Media Management

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 70

Instruction : All answers should be legibly written in **English** only.

SECTION - A

Answer **any five** sub-questions. Each sub-question carries **two** marks. **5x2=10**

1. (a) What is Public Service Advertising ?
(b) Who is an advertising copywriter ?
(c) Give the meaning of external analysis.
(d) What do you understand by copy testing ?
(e) Mention any two advertising scheduling strategies.
(f) Expand AIDAS.
(g) What is an Advertising Budget ?

SECTION - B

Answer **any three** questions. Each question carries **six** marks.

3x6=18

2. Explain the importance of advertising in marketing.
3. Write a note on porter's five forces model.
4. Discuss the types of Advertising copy.
5. Briefly explain the factors to be considered while selecting the Media mix.
6. Explain the types of Internet advertising.

P.T.O.

**SECTION - C**

Answer **any three** questions. Each question carries **fourteen** marks. **3x14=42**

7. Explain in detail the key factors influencing Media planning.
8. Explain the methods of determining Advertising appropriation.
9. Explain the pros and cons of online advertising.
10. "Media planning is an art" - Explain.
11. Is DAGMAR approach is an effective tool in planning the advertising effort ? Explain.

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GN-543



132841

V Semester B.Com./B.B.A./B.Sc./B.C.A. Examination,
December - 2019

Version Code

A

**CULTURE, DIVERSITY AND SOCIETY (NON-CORE)
(CBCS) (F+R) (2016-17 & Onwards)**

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 70

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

1. Immediately after the commencement of the Examination, you should check that this Booklet does not have any unprinted or torn or missing pages or items, etc. If any of the above defects is found, get it replaced by a Complete Question Booklet of the available series.
2. Write clearly the Question Booklet Version Code **A, B, C, D** or **E** in the appropriate space provided for the purpose, in the OMR Answer Sheet.
3. Enter the name of the Subject, Reg. No., Question Booklet version code and affix Signature on the OMR Sheet. As the answer sheets are designed to suit the Optical Mark Reader (O.M.R.) system, special care should be taken to fill those items accurately.
4. This Question Booklet contains **55** questions, **Part - A** contains **40** questions of **one** mark each. **Part - B** contains **15** questions of **two** marks each. **All** questions must be attempted. Each question contains **four** answers, among them one correct answer should be selected and shade the corresponding option in the OMR Sheet.
5. All the answers should be marked only on the OMR sheet provided and only with a **black** or **blue** ink ball point pen. If more than one circle is shaded/wrongly shaded/half shaded for a given question no marks will be awarded.
6. Questions are in both English and Kannada. If any confusion arises in the Kannada version, please refer to the English version of the questions.
7. Immediately after the final bell indicating the closure of the examination, stop making any further markings in the OMR Answer Sheet. Be seated till the OMR Answer Sheet is collected. After handing over the OMR Answer Sheet to the Invigilator you may leave the examination hall.

ಗಮನಿಸಿ : ಸೂಚನೆಗಳ ಕನ್ನಡ ಆವೃತ್ತಿಯು ಈ ಪುಟದ ಹಿಂಭಾಗದಲ್ಲಿ ಮುದ್ರಿಸಲ್ಪಟ್ಟಿದೆ.



ಭಾಗ - ಎ/PART - A

ಸೂಚನೆ : ಎಲ್ಲಾ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳನ್ನು ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿ. ಪ್ರತಿ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗೆ ಒಂದು ಅಂಕ.

1x40=40

Note : Answer **all** the questions. Each question carries **one** mark.

1. ಭೌಗೋಳಿಕವಾಗಿ ಭಾರತವು ಜಗತ್ತಿನ _____ ದೊಡ್ಡ ರಾಷ್ಟ್ರವಾಗಿದೆ.
 (a) 7ನೇ (b) 10ನೇ (c) 4ನೇ (d) 2ನೇ
 Geographically India is the _____ largest country in the world.
 (a) 7th (b) 10th (c) 4th (d) 2nd
2. _____ ವಿಶ್ವದ ಅತಿ ಎತ್ತರದ ಶಿಖರವಾಗಿದೆ.
 (a) ಕೆ2 (b) ಮೌಂಟ್ ಎವರೆಸ್ಟ್
 (c) ಗೌರಿಶಂಕರ (d) ಧೌಲಗಿರಿ
 _____ is the highest peak in the world.
 (a) K2 (b) Mount Everest
 (c) Gourishankar (d) Dhaulagiri
3. ಭಾರತದ ಅತಿ ದೊಡ್ಡ ಮರುಭೂಮಿ ಯಾವುದು ?
 (a) ಸಹಾರಾ (b) ಗೋಬಿ
 (c) ಥಾರ್ (d) ಮೇಲಿನ ಯಾವುದೂ ಅಲ್ಲ
 Which is the largest desert in India ?
 (a) Sahara (b) Gobi
 (c) Thar (d) None of the above
4. ಭಾರತದ ದಕ್ಷಿಣದ ತುದಿ _____.
 (a) ಕನ್ಯಾಕುಮಾರಿ (b) ಸೇಂಟ್ ಮೇರಿ
 (c) ಇಂದಿರಾ ಪಾಯಿಂಟ್ (d) ಮೇಲಿನ ಯಾವುದೂ ಅಲ್ಲ
 The southernmost tip of India is _____.
 (a) Kanyakumari (b) Saint. Mary's
 (c) Indira point (d) None of the above
5. ಗಂಗಾ ಮತ್ತು ಬ್ರಹ್ಮಪುತ್ರ ನದಿಗಳು _____ ಗುಂಪಿಗೆ ಸೇರಿವೆ.
 (a) ಪಶ್ಚಿಮ ಘಟ್ಟಗಳ ನದಿಗಳ (b) ಡೆಕ್ಕನ್ ನದಿಗಳ
 (c) ದ್ವೀಪ ನದಿಗಳ (d) ಹಿಮಾಲಯದ ನದಿಗಳ
 Ganga and Brahmaputra rivers belong to _____.
 (a) Western ghats river (b) Deccan river
 (c) Island river (d) Himalayan river



6. ಕರ್ನಾಟಕದಲ್ಲಿ ಸರಾಸರಿ ಹೆಚ್ಚು ಮಳೆ ದಾಖಲಾಗಿರುವ ಪ್ರದೇಶ _____.

- (a) ಶಿವಮೊಗ್ಗ (b) ಆಗುಂಬೆ
(c) ಚಿರಾಪುಂಜಿ (d) ಚಿಕ್ಕಮಗಳೂರು

Highest average rainfall in Karnataka is recorded at :

- (a) Shimoga (b) Agumbe
(c) Cheerapunji (d) Chikkamagaluru

7. ಧರ್ಮ, ಅರ್ಥ, ಕಾಮ, ಮೋಕ್ಷಗಳನ್ನು ಏನೆಂದು ಕರೆಯುತ್ತಾರೆ ?

- (a) ಸಂಸ್ಕಾರಗಳು (b) ಆಶ್ರಮ ವ್ಯವಸ್ಥೆ
(c) ಗುರುಕುಲ ವ್ಯವಸ್ಥೆ (d) ಪುರುಷಾರ್ಥಗಳು

Dharma, Artha, Kama, Moksha are called as _____.

- (a) Samskaras (b) Ashrama system
(c) Gurukula system (d) Purusharthas

8. ಭಾರತದಲ್ಲಿ ಬೇಸಿಗೆ ಕಾಲ _____ ತಿಂಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಸಂಭವಿಸುತ್ತದೆ.

- (a) ಡಿಸೆಂಬರ್‌ನಿಂದ ಫೆಬ್ರವರಿ (b) ಮಾರ್ಚ್‌ನಿಂದ ಮೇ
(c) ಜೂನ್‌ನಿಂದ ಸೆಪ್ಟೆಂಬರ್ (d) ಅಕ್ಟೋಬರ್‌ನಿಂದ ನವೆಂಬರ್

Summer season in India is during _____ months.

- (a) December to February (b) March to May
(c) June to September (d) October to November

9. ಬುದ್ಧನ ಮೂಲ ಹೆಸರು _____.

- (a) ಸಿದ್ಧಾರ್ಥ (b) ಸಮ್‌ಬುದ್ಧ
(c) ಮಹಾವೀರ (d) ಶಂಕರಾಚಾರ್ಯ

_____ is the original name of Buddha.

- (a) Siddhartha (b) Sambuddha
(c) Mahaveera (d) Shankaracharya

10. ಕ್ರೈಸ್ತರ ಪವಿತ್ರ ಗ್ರಂಥ _____.

- (a) ಭಗವದ್ಗೀತಾ (b) ಖುರಾನ್
(c) ಬೈಬಲ್ (d) ಗುರು ಗ್ರಂಥ ಸಾಹೇಬ್

Holy book of christianity is _____.

- (a) Bhagvatgeeta (b) Quran
(c) Bible (d) Guru Granth Saheb



11. 'ಅದ್ವೈತ ತತ್ವದ' ಪ್ರವರ್ತಕರು _____.

- (a) ಆದಿಶಂಕರ (b) ರಾಮಾನುಜ
(c) ಮಧ್ವಾಚಾರ್ಯ (d) ಬಸವಣ್ಣ
'Advaita Philosophy' was propounded by _____.
(a) Adishankara (b) Ramanuja
(c) Madhwacharya (d) Basavanna

12. ಜೈನ ಧರ್ಮದ ಎರಡು ಪಂಥಗಳು :

- (a) ಪ್ರೊಟೆಸ್ಟೆಂಟ್ ಮತ್ತು ರೋಮನ್ ಕ್ಯಾಥೋಲಿಕ್
(b) ಹೀನಯಾನ ಮತ್ತು ಮಹಾಯಾನ
(c) ಶಿಯ ಮತ್ತು ಸುನ್ನಿ
(d) ಶ್ವೇತಾಂಬರ ಮತ್ತು ದಿಗಂಬರ

Two sects of Jainism :

- (a) Protestants and Roman Catholics
(b) Hinayana and Mahayana
(c) Shiya and Sunni
(d) Swethambara and Digambara

13. ಸ್ಮೃತಿ ಎಂದರೆ _____.

- (a) ವೇದ (b) ಹಾಡು (c) ನೆನಪು (d) ಯಜ್ಞ
Smruthis means _____.
(a) Veda (b) Song (c) Memory (d) Yagna

14. ಕನ್ನಡ ಭಾಷೆಯು _____ ಭಾಷಾ ಸಮೂಹಕ್ಕೆ ಸೇರಿದೆ.

- (a) ಆರ್ಯ (b) ದ್ರಾವಿಡ
(c) ಇಂಡೋ-ಯೂರೋಪಿಯನ್ (d) ಸೈನೋ-ಟಿಬೆಟಿಯನ್

Kannada language belongs to _____ language group.

- (a) Aryan (b) Dravidian
(c) Indo-European (d) Sino-Tibetan

15. _____ ಕರ್ನಾಟಕದ ಸುಗ್ಗಿ ಹಬ್ಬವಾಗಿದೆ.

- (a) ಬೈಸಾಖಿ (b) ಸಂಕ್ರಾಂತಿ (c) ಭೋಗಿ (d) ಪೊಂಗಲ್
_____ is the harvest festival of Karnataka.
(a) Baisakhi (b) Sankranti (c) Bhogi (d) Pongal



16. ಫ್ಯಾಮಿಲಿ ಎಂಬ ಪದವು ಲ್ಯಾಟಿನ್ ಭಾಷೆಯ _____ ಪದದಿಂದ ಉತ್ಪತ್ತಿಯಾಗಿದೆ.

- (a) ಫ್ಯಾಮಿಲಿ (b) ಫ್ಯಾಮುಲೆ (c) ಫ್ಯಾಮ್ಯುಲಸ್ (d) ಫ್ಯಾಮುಲೈ

The word 'family' is derived from the Latin word _____.

- (a) famili (b) famulae (c) famulus (d) famulie

17. ನಂಬೂದರಿ ಅವಿಭಕ್ತ ಕುಟುಂಬವನ್ನು _____ ಎಂದು ಕರೆಯುತ್ತಾರೆ.

- (a) ಇಲ್ಲಂ (b) ತರವಾಡ್ (c) ಖಾಸಿ (d) ಗಾರೋ

The Namboodari Joint family is called as _____.

- (a) Illom (b) Tarawad (c) Khasi (d) Garo

18. ಜಾತಿಯನ್ನು _____ ನಿಂದ ನಿರ್ಧರಿಸಲಾಗುತ್ತದೆ.

- (a) ಹವ್ಯಾಸ (b) ಪ್ರದೇಶ (c) ಹುಟ್ಟು (d) ಸಂಪತ್ತು

Caste is determined by _____.

- (a) Hobby (b) Region (c) Birth (d) Wealth

19. _____ ಒಂದು ಆರೋಪಿತ ಅಂತಸ್ತು.

- (a) ವೈದ್ಯರು (b) ಶಿಕ್ಷಕರು (c) ವಕೀಲರು (d) ಜಾತಿ

_____ is an ascribed status.

- (a) Doctor (b) Teacher (c) Lawyer (d) Caste

20. ಭಾರತ ಸಂವಿಧಾನದ ವಿಧಿ 17 _____ ಗೆ ಸಂಬಂಧಿಸಿದೆ.

- (a) ಅಸ್ಪೃಶ್ಯತೆ ಆಚರಣೆಯ ನಿಷೇಧ
(b) ಕಾನೂನಿನ ಮುಂದೆ ಸಮಾನತೆ
(c) ಅಂಗ ತಾರತಮ್ಯತೆಯ ನಿಯಂತ್ರಣ
(d) ಮೇಲಿನ ಯಾವುದೂ ಅಲ್ಲ

Article 17 of the Indian Constitution is related to _____.

- (a) Abolition of the practice of Untouchability
(b) Equality before law
(c) Prevention of sexual discrimination
(d) None of the above



21. _____ ರಾಜ್ಯದಲ್ಲಿ 'ಸೋಲಿಗ ಬುಡಕಟ್ಟು' ಕಂಡು ಬರುತ್ತದೆ.

- (a) ಒರಿಸ್ಸಾ (b) ಮಹಾರಾಷ್ಟ್ರ
(c) ಉತ್ತರ ಪ್ರದೇಶ (d) ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ
'Soliga tribe' is found in _____ state.
(a) Orissa (b) Maharashtra
(c) Uttar Pradesh (d) Karnataka

22. _____ ಬುಡಕಟ್ಟಿನ ಗುಣಲಕ್ಷಣವಲ್ಲ.

- (a) ಸಾಮಾನ್ಯ ಪ್ರದೇಶ (b) ಸಾಮಾನ್ಯ ಧರ್ಮ
(c) ಒಳ ಬಾಂಧವ್ಯ ಸಮೂಹ (d) ಹೊರ ಬಾಂಧವ್ಯ ಸಮೂಹ
_____ is not a characteristic of tribes.
(a) Common territory (b) Common religion
(c) Endogamous group (d) Exogamous group

23. ಸ್ವತಂತ್ರ ಭಾರತದ ಮೊದಲ ಹಿಂದುಳಿದ ವರ್ಗಗಳ ಆಯೋಗದ ಅಧ್ಯಕ್ಷರು ಯಾರು ?

- (a) ಕಾಕಾಸಾಹೇಬ್ ಕಾಲೇಲ್ಕರ್ (b) ಮಂಡಲ್
(c) ಹಾವನೂರು (d) ಮಿಲ್ಲರ್

Who is the Chairperson of first Backward Classes Commission of Independent India ?

- (a) Kakasaheb Kalelkar (b) Mandal
(c) Havanur (d) Miller

24. ಅಸ್ಪೃಶ್ಯತೆ (ಅಪರಾಧಗಳ) ಕಾಯ್ದೆ ಜಾರಿಯಾದ ವರ್ಷ _____.

- (a) 1972 (b) 1985 (c) 1947 (d) 1955
The untouchability (offences) Act was passed in _____ year.
(a) 1972 (b) 1985 (c) 1947 (d) 1955

25. 'ಸಂಸ್ಕೃತಾನುಕರಣ' ಪರಿಕಲ್ಪನೆಯನ್ನು ಯಾರು ನೀಡಿದರು ?

- (a) ಜಿ.ಎಸ್. ಘುರ್ಯೆ (b) ಎ.ಆರ್. ದೇಸಾಯಿ
(c) ಎಂ.ಎನ್. ಶ್ರೀನಿವಾಸ್ (d) ಇರಾವತಿ ಕಾರ್ವೆ

Who gave the concept of "Sanskritization" ?

- (a) G.S. Ghurye (b) A.R. Desai
(c) M.N. Srinivas (d) Iravathi Karve



26. ಒಂದು ದೇಶದಲ್ಲಿ ಗ್ರಾಮೀಣ ಭಾಗದಿಂದ ನಗರ ಭಾಗಕ್ಕೆ ಜನರು ವಲಸೆ ಹೋಗುವ ಪ್ರಕ್ರಿಯೆಯನ್ನು _____ ಎನ್ನಲಾಗಿದೆ.

- (a) ಆಂತರಿಕ ವಲಸೆ (b) ದೇಶದಿಂದ ಹೊರವಲಸೆ
(c) ಅನ್ಯದೇಶದಿಂದ ಒಳವಲಸೆ (d) ಅಂತರಾಷ್ಟ್ರೀಯ ವಲಸೆ

The process of people moving from rural areas to urban areas within a country is known as _____.

- (a) Internal Migration (b) Emigration
(c) Immigration (d) International Migration

27. NRHM ವಿಸ್ತರಿಸಿ :

- (a) ನ್ಯಾಷನಲ್ ರೀಜನಲ್ ಹೆಲ್ತ್ ಮಿಷನ್
(b) ನ್ಯಾಷನಲ್ ರೂರಲ್ ಹೆಲ್ತ್ ಮಿಷನ್
(c) ನ್ಯಾಷನಲ್ ರೂರಲ್ ಹೈವೇ ಮ್ಯಾನೇಜ್‌ಮೆಂಟ್
(d) ನ್ಯಾಷನಲ್ ರೋಜ್‌ಗಾರ್ ಹೌಸಿಂಗ್ ಮಿಷನ್

NRHM means :

- (a) National Regional Health Mission
(b) National Rural Health Mission
(c) National Rural Highway Management
(d) National Rozgar Housing Mission

28. ಅಂತರಾಷ್ಟ್ರೀಯ ಮಹಿಳಾ ದಿನಾಚರಣೆಯನ್ನು _____ ರಂದು ಆಚರಿಸಲಾಗುತ್ತದೆ.

- (a) ಎಪ್ರಿಲ್ 14 (b) ಜೂನ್ 5
(c) ಮಾರ್ಚ್ 8 (d) ನವೆಂಬರ್ 14

International women's day is celebrated on _____.

- (a) April 14th (b) June 5th
(c) March 8th (d) November 14th

29. _____ ವಿವಿಧ ಧರ್ಮಗಳ ಮಧ್ಯೆ ವೈರತ್ವವನ್ನು ಸೂಚಿಸುತ್ತದೆ.

- (a) ರಾಷ್ಟ್ರೀಯತೆ (b) ಕೋಮುವಾದ
(c) ಪ್ರಾದೇಶಿಕತೆ (d) ಸಮಾಜವಾದ

_____ denotes antagonism between different religions.

- (a) Nationalism (b) Communalism
(c) Regionalism (d) Socialism

30. ಕೋಮುವಾದ ಒಂದು _____ ಸಮಸ್ಯೆ.

(a) ಸಾಮಾಜಿಕ-ಧಾರ್ಮಿಕ

(b) ಆರ್ಥಿಕ

(c) ಶೈಕ್ಷಣಿಕ

(d) ತಾತ್ವಿಕ

Communalism is a _____ problem.

(a) Socio-religious

(b) Economic

(c) Educational

(d) Philosophical

31. ಹೈದ್ರಾಬಾದ್-ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ಪ್ರದೇಶದ ಹೊಸ ಹೆಸರೇನು ?

(a) ಮದ್ರಾಸ್ ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ

(b) ಮುಂಬೈ ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ

(c) ಕಲ್ಯಾಣ ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ

(d) ಮಧ್ಯ ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ

What is the new name given for Hyderabad-Karnataka region ?

(a) Madras Karnataka

(b) Mumbai Karnataka

(c) Kalyana Karnataka

(d) Madhya Karnataka

32. 'ಸ್ವ-ಕುಲಕೇಂದ್ರಿತವಾದ' ಪರಿಕಲ್ಪನೆಯನ್ನು ಕೊಟ್ಟವರು ಯಾರು ?

(a) ರ್ಯಾಡ್‌ಕ್ಲಿಫ್ ಬ್ರೌನ್

(b) ವಿಲಿಯಂ ಜಿ. ಸಮ್ಮರ್

(c) ಮ್ಯಾಕೈವರ್

(d) ಡರ್ಕೈಮ್

Who gave the concept 'Ethnocentrism' ?

(a) Radcliff Brown

(b) William G. Sumner

(c) MacIver

(d) Durkheim

33. ಬಹುತ್ವ ಸಮಾಜದ ಅರ್ಥವು :

(a) ಬಹು ಸಾಮಾಜಿಕ ಗುಂಪುಗಳ ಸಹಜೀವನ

(b) ಏಕಧರ್ಮೀಯ ಗುಂಪಿನ ಅಸ್ತಿತ್ವ

(c) ಒಂದೇ ವಿಧದ ಜನಾಂಗೀಯ ಗುಂಪಿನ ಅಸ್ತಿತ್ವ

(d) ಮೇಲಿನ ಯಾವುದೂ ಅಲ್ಲ

Plural society means _____.

(a) Co-existence of multiple social groups

(b) Existence of single religious groups

(c) Existence of single ethnic groups

(d) None of the above

34. 'ಜಾಗತೀಕರಣ' ಎಂಬ ಪರಿಕಲ್ಪನೆಯನ್ನು ಪರಿಚಯಿಸಿದವರು ಯಾರು ?

(a) ಥಿಯೋಡರ್ ಲೆವಿಟ್

(b) ಜಾರ್ಜ್ ರಿಟ್ಜರ್

(c) ಡೇನಿಯಲ್ ಲರ್ನರ್

(d) ಲೂಯಿಸ್ ಡುಮಾಂಟ್

The term "Globalization" was introduced by :

(a) Theodore Levitt

(b) George Ritzer

(c) Daniel Learner

(d) Louis Dumont



35. 'ಏಕ-ಸಂಸ್ಕೃತಿವಾದ'ವು _____ ಆಚರಣೆಯ ರಕ್ಷಣೆಯಾಗಿದೆ.

- (a) ದ್ವಿ ಸಂಸ್ಕೃತಿ (b) ಉಪ-ಸಂಸ್ಕೃತಿ
(c) ಬಹು ಸಂಸ್ಕೃತಿ (d) ಏಕ ಸಂಸ್ಕೃತಿ

'Mono-culturalism' is the practice of preserving :

- (a) Double culture (b) Sub-culture
(c) Multi culture (d) Single culture

36. ಮ್ಯಾಕ್ ಡೋನಾಲ್ಡ್‌ಜೀಷನ್ ತತ್ವವು _____ ಗೆ ಸಂಬಂಧಿಸಿದೆ.

- (a) ತರಕಾರಿ ಮಾರುಕಟ್ಟೆ (b) ಹಣ್ಣಿನ ಮಾರುಕಟ್ಟೆ
(c) ಹೂವಿನ ಮಾರುಕಟ್ಟೆ (d) ಫಾಸ್ಟ್‌ಫುಡ್ ರೆಸ್ಟೋರೆಂಟ್

Mc. Donaldization is the principle related to :

- (a) Vegetable market (b) Fruit market
(c) Flower market (d) Fastfood Restaurants

37. ಬಾಲ ಕಾರ್ಮಿಕರ (ನಿಷೇಧ ಮತ್ತು ನಿಯಂತ್ರಣ) ಕಾಯ್ದೆಯನ್ನು _____ ವರ್ಷದಲ್ಲಿ ಜಾರಿಗೆ ತರಲಾಯಿತು.

- (a) 1996 (b) 1978 (c) 1986 (d) 1988

The Child Labour (Prohibition and Regulation) Act was enacted in the year _____.

- (a) 1996 (b) 1978 (c) 1986 (d) 1988

38. ಭಾರತ ಸಂವಿಧಾನದ 24 ನೇ ವಿಧಿಯು _____ ಗೆ ಸಂಬಂಧಿಸಿದೆ.

- (a) ವಲಸೆ ಕಾರ್ಮಿಕರು (b) ಬಾಲ ಕಾರ್ಮಿಕರು
(c) ಬಂಧಿತ ಕಾರ್ಮಿಕರು (d) ಒಪ್ಪಂದ ಕಾರ್ಮಿಕರು

Article 24 of the Indian Constitution relates to :

- (a) Migrant Labour (b) Child Labour
(c) Bonded Labour (d) Contract Labour

39. ಪ್ರಜಾಪ್ರಭುತ್ವದ ನಾಲ್ಕನೇ ಆಧಾರ ಸ್ತಂಭ _____.

- (a) ನ್ಯಾಯಾಂಗ (b) ಕಾರ್ಯಾಂಗ
(c) ಸಮಾಹ ಮಾಧ್ಯಮ (d) ಶಾಸಕಾಂಗ

The 'fourth pillar' of Democracy :

- (a) Judiciary (b) Executive
(c) Mass media (d) Legislative

40. ವಿದ್ಯುನ್ಮಾನ ಮಾಧ್ಯಮಕ್ಕೆ _____ ಒಂದು ಉದಾಹರಣೆಯಾಗಿದೆ.

- (a) ಪತ್ರಿಕೆಗಳು (b) ರೇಡಿಯೋ
(c) ನಿಯತಕಾಲಿಕೆ (d) ಪುಸ್ತಕ

An example of Electronic Media :

- (a) Newspaper (b) Radio
(c) Magazine (d) Book



ಭಾಗ - ಬಿ/PART - B

ಸೂಚನೆ : ಎಲ್ಲಾ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳನ್ನು ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿ. ಪ್ರತಿ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗೆ ಎರಡು ಅಂಕಗಳು.

2x15=30

Note : Answer **all** the questions. Each question carries **two** marks.

41. _____ ಪ್ರಜಾಪ್ರಭುತ್ವದ 'ಕಾವಲುನಾಯಿ' ಎಂದು ಕರೆಯಲಾಗುತ್ತದೆ.
- (a) ಶಾಸಕಾಂಗ (b) ನ್ಯಾಯಾಂಗ
(c) ಕಾರ್ಯಾಂಗ (d) ಸಮೂಹ ಮಾಧ್ಯಮ
- _____ is known as the 'Watch dog' of the Democracy.
- (a) Legislative (b) Judiciary
(c) Executive (d) Mass media
42. ನಗರೀಕರಣ ಪ್ರಕ್ರಿಯೆಯು _____ ಗಳ ಬೆಳವಣಿಗೆಯನ್ನು ಸೂಚಿಸುವುದು.
- (a) ನಗರ (b) ಗ್ರಾಮ
(c) ಬುಡಕಟ್ಟು (d) ಮೇಲಿನ ಯಾವುದೂ ಅಲ್ಲ
- Urbanization refers to the growth of _____.
- (a) Cities (b) Villages
(c) Tribes (d) None of the above
43. J.R.Y. ಅನ್ನು ವಿಸ್ತರಿಸಿ.
- (a) ಜವಹಾರ್ ರೋಜ್‌ಗಾರ್ ಯೋಜನೆ (b) ಜವಹಾರ್‌ಲಾಲ್ ರೋಲ್ ಯಾರ್ಡ್
(c) ಜೆವೆಲ್ ರಿಸರ್ಚ್ ಯಾರ್ಕ್ (d) ಜೋಡ್‌ಗಾರ್ ರಿಸರ್ಚ್ ಯಾರ್ಕ್
- J.R.Y. means :
- (a) Jawahar Rozgar Yojana (b) Jawaharlal Rule Yard
(c) Jewel Research York (d) Jodhgar Research York
44. ಮ್ಯಾಗಝೀನ್ _____ ರ ಉದಾಹರಣೆಯಾಗಿದೆ.
- (a) ವಿದ್ಯುನ್ಮಾನ ಮಾಧ್ಯಮ (b) ಮುದ್ರಣ ಮಾಧ್ಯಮ
(c) (a) ಮತ್ತು (b) ಎರಡೂ (d) ಮೇಲಿನ ಯಾವುದೂ ಅಲ್ಲ
- Magazines is an example of _____.
- (a) Electronic media (b) Print media
(c) Both (a) and (b) (d) None of the above



45. _____ ಏಕದೇವತಾವಾದಿ ಧರ್ಮವಲ್ಲ.

- (a) ಇಸ್ಲಾಂ (b) ಕ್ರೈಸ್ತ ಧರ್ಮ
(c) ಯಹೂದಿ ಧರ್ಮ (d) ಹಿಂದೂ ಧರ್ಮ

_____ is not a monotheistic religion.

- (a) Islam (b) Christianity
(c) Judaism (d) Hinduism

46. ಹೊಂದಿಸಿ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ :

A

B

- | | |
|------------------|------------------------|
| (1) ಕ್ರೈಸ್ತ ಧರ್ಮ | (i) ಭಗವದ್ಗೀತಾ |
| (2) ಸಿಖ್ ಧರ್ಮ | (ii) ಖುರಾನ್ |
| (3) ಹಿಂದೂ ಧರ್ಮ | (iii) ಬೈಬಲ್ |
| (4) ಇಸ್ಲಾಂ ಧರ್ಮ | (iv) ಗುರು ಗ್ರಂಥ ಸಾಹೇಬ್ |

ಸಂಕೇತಗಳು :

- | | | | | |
|-----|-------|-------|------|-------|
| | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| (a) | (iv) | (iii) | (ii) | (i) |
| (b) | (ii) | (i) | (iv) | (iii) |
| (c) | (iii) | (iv) | (i) | (ii) |
| (d) | (i) | (iii) | (ii) | (iv) |

Match the following :

A

B

- | | |
|------------------|------------------------|
| (1) Christianity | (i) Bhagvatgeeta |
| (2) Sikhism | (ii) Quran |
| (3) Hinduism | (iii) Bible |
| (4) Islam | (iv) Guru Granth Saheb |

Codes :

- | | | | | |
|-----|-------|-------|------|-------|
| | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| (a) | (iv) | (iii) | (ii) | (i) |
| (b) | (ii) | (i) | (iv) | (iii) |
| (c) | (iii) | (iv) | (i) | (ii) |
| (d) | (i) | (iii) | (ii) | (iv) |

47. ಮ್ಯಾಕ್ ಮೋಹನ್‌ಲೈನ್ ಭಾರತವನ್ನು _____ ದೇಶದಿಂದ ಬೇರ್ಪಡಿಸುತ್ತದೆ.

- (a) ಪಾಕಿಸ್ತಾನ (b) ನೇಪಾಳ (c) ಶ್ರೀಲಂಕಾ (d) ಚೀನಾ
Mc Mohanline separates India from _____.
(a) Pakistan (b) Nepal (c) Srilanka (d) China



48. ಹೊಂದಿಸಿ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ :

A

- (1) ಭರತನಾಟ್ಯಂ
- (2) ಕಥಕ್
- (3) ಮೋಹಿನಿಯಾಟ್ಟಮ್
- (4) ಯಕ್ಷಗಾನ

B

- (i) ಉತ್ತರ ಪ್ರದೇಶ
- (ii) ಕೇರಳ
- (iii) ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ
- (iv) ತಮಿಳುನಾಡು

ಸಂಕೇತಗಳು :

(1) (2) (3) (4)

- (a) (iii) (i) (ii) (iv)
- (b) (i) (iv) (ii) (iii)
- (c) (ii) (iii) (iv) (i)
- (d) (iv) (i) (ii) (iii)

Match the following :

A

- (1) Bharathanatyam
- (2) Kathak
- (3) Mohiniyattam
- (4) Yakshagana

B

- (i) Uttar Pradesh
- (ii) Kerala
- (iii) Karnataka
- (iv) Tamil Nadu

Codes :

(1) (2) (3) (4)

- (a) (iii) (i) (ii) (iv)
- (b) (i) (iv) (ii) (iii)
- (c) (ii) (iii) (iv) (i)
- (d) (iv) (i) (ii) (iii)

49. ಕರ್ನಾಟಕದ ಎರಡು ಪ್ರಬಲ ಜಾತಿಗಳು _____.

- (a) ಬ್ರಾಹ್ಮಣ ಮತ್ತು ಒಕ್ಕಲಿಗ
- (b) ಒಕ್ಕಲಿಗ ಮತ್ತು ಅಂಗಾಯತ
- (c) ಎಸ್.ಸಿ. ಮತ್ತು ಎಸ್.ಟಿ.
- (d) ಬ್ರಾಹ್ಮಣ ಮತ್ತು ಅಂಗಾಯತ

The two dominant castes of Karnataka are :

- (a) Brahmin and Vokkaliga
- (b) Vokkaliga and Lingayat
- (c) SC and ST
- (d) Brahmin and Lingayat



50. ಹೊಂದಿಸಿ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ :

A

- (1) ಕ್ರೈಸ್ತ ಧರ್ಮ
- (2) ಇಸ್ಲಾಂ ಧರ್ಮ
- (3) ಸಿಖ್ ಧರ್ಮ
- (4) ಬೌದ್ಧ ಧರ್ಮ

B

- (i) ಗುರುನಾನಕ್
- (ii) ಗೌತಮ ಬುದ್ಧ
- (iii) ಪ್ರವಾದಿ ಮೊಹಮ್ಮದ್
- (iv) ಯೇಸು ಕ್ರಿಸ್ತ
- (v) ಮಹಾವೀರ

ಸಂಕೇತಗಳು :

- | | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| (a) | (iii) | (i) | (iv) | (ii) |
| (b) | (i) | (ii) | (iii) | (v) |
| (c) | (iv) | (iii) | (i) | (ii) |
| (d) | (ii) | (i) | (iv) | (iii) |

Match the following :

A

- (1) Christianity
- (2) Islam
- (3) Sikhism
- (4) Buddhism

B

- (i) Guru Nanak
- (ii) Gautham Buddha
- (iii) Prophet Mohammad
- (iv) Jesus Christ
- (v) Mahaveera

Codes :

- | | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| (a) | (iii) | (i) | (iv) | (ii) |
| (b) | (i) | (ii) | (iii) | (v) |
| (c) | (iv) | (iii) | (i) | (ii) |
| (d) | (ii) | (i) | (iv) | (iii) |

51. ಶ್ರೀ ನಾರಾಯಣಗುರು ಹಾಗೂ ಅಯ್ಯನ್ ಕಾಳರವರು _____ ರಾಜ್ಯದ ಪ್ರಸಿದ್ಧ ಸಮಾಜ ಸುಧಾರಕರು.

- | | |
|---------------|-----------------|
| (a) ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ | (b) ಕೇರಳ |
| (c) ತಮಿಳುನಾಡು | (d) ಆಂಧ್ರಪ್ರದೇಶ |

Sri Narayan Guru and Iyyankali are the two famous social reformers from _____ state.

- | | |
|----------------|--------------------|
| (a) Karnataka | (b) Kerala |
| (c) Tamil Nadu | (d) Andhra Pradesh |

52. ಕನ್ನಡ ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯದಲ್ಲಿ ಪ್ರಕಟಗೊಂಡ ಮೊಟ್ಟ ಮೊದಲ ದಲಿತ ಮಹಿಳಾ ಆತ್ಮಕಥೆ - 'ಮಾತಂಗಿ ದೀವಟಗೆ' ಯ ಲೇಖಕರು ಯಾರು ?

- | | |
|------------------|---------------------------|
| (a) ಅರುಂಧತಿ ರಾಯ್ | (b) ಬಿ.ಟಿ. ಲಲಿತ ನಾಯಕ್ |
| (c) ಮಾಧವಿ ದೇಸಾಯಿ | (d) ಪ್ರೊ. ಸಮತಾ ಬಿ ದೇಶಮಾನೆ |

Who wrote the book 'Maatangi Deevatige' - the first Dalit Women's autobiography in Kannada literature ?

- | | |
|-------------------|----------------------------|
| (a) Arundhati Roy | (b) B.T. Lalithanaik |
| (c) Madhavi Desai | (d) Pro. Samata B Deshmane |

A



53. ಹೊಂದಿಸಿ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ :

A

- (1) ವಿದ್ಯುನ್ಮಾನ ಮಾಧ್ಯಮ
- (2) ಮುದ್ರಣ ಮಾಧ್ಯಮ
- (3) ಸಾಮಾಜಿಕ ಜಾಲತಾಣ
- (4) ಹೊರಾಂಗಣ ಮಾಧ್ಯಮ

B

- (i) ಗೋಡೆಬರಹ
- (ii) ಟ್ವಿಟರ್
- (iii) ಅಂತರ್ಜಾಲ
- (iv) ದಿನಪತ್ರಿಕೆ

ಸಂಕೇತಗಳು :

- | | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
|-----|-------|-------|------|-------|
| (a) | (i) | (ii) | (iv) | (iii) |
| (b) | (iii) | (iv) | (ii) | (i) |
| (c) | (iv) | (iii) | (i) | (ii) |
| (d) | (ii) | (iii) | (iv) | (i) |

Match the following :

A

- (1) Electronic Media
- (2) Print Media
- (3) Social Media
- (4) Outdoor Media

B

- (i) Wall writing
- (ii) Twitter
- (iii) Internet
- (iv) Newspaper

Codes :

- | | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
|-----|-------|-------|------|-------|
| (a) | (i) | (ii) | (iv) | (iii) |
| (b) | (iii) | (iv) | (ii) | (i) |
| (c) | (iv) | (iii) | (i) | (ii) |
| (d) | (ii) | (iii) | (iv) | (i) |

54. ಯಾವುದು ಅವಿಭಕ್ತ ಕುಟುಂಬದ ಲಕ್ಷಣವಲ್ಲ :

- | | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------|
| (a) ಎರಡಕ್ಕಿಂತ ಹೆಚ್ಚಿನ ತಲೆಮಾರು | (b) ಒಂದೇ ಅಡುಗೆಮನೆ |
| (c) ಅವಿಭಜಿತ ಆಸ್ತಿ | (d) ವ್ಯಕ್ತಿ ಸ್ವಾತಂತ್ರ್ಯ |

Which is **not** a characteristics of Joint family ?

- | | |
|-----------------------------|------------------------|
| (a) More than 2 generations | (b) Common kitchen |
| (c) Joint property holding | (d) Individual freedom |

55. ಅತಿಯಾದ ಸ್ವ-ಕುಲಕೇಂದ್ರಿತವಾದದಿಂದ _____ ಉಂಟಾಗುತ್ತದೆ.

- | | |
|----------------------|-----------------------|
| (a) ಜಾತಿ ಭೇದ | (b) ಅನ್ಯಸಂಸ್ಕೃತಿಯ ಭೇದ |
| (c) ಶುಭ ಸಮಾಚಾರಗಳ ಭೇದ | (d) ಜಲಭೇದ |

Extreme Ethnocentrism may lead to _____.

- | | |
|--------------|-----------------|
| (a) Caste | (b) Xenophobia |
| (c) Euphobia | (d) Hydrophobia |