



64521

V Semester B.B.A. Examination, April/May 2023
(CBCS Scheme)



BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION
Entrepreneurial Management

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 70

Instruction : Answers should be written in **English only**.

SECTION – A

Answer **any five** sub-questions. **Each** carries **two** marks.

(5×2=10)

1. a) Who is an Intrapreneur ?
b) What is rural entrepreneurship ?
c) Mention any two women entrepreneur of India.
d) What do you mean by capital investment ?
e) What is supply gap ?
f) Write the meaning of licensing.
g) Expand SIDO, AWAKE.

SECTION – B

Answer **any three** questions. **Each** carries **six** marks.

(3×6=18)

2. Explain the functions of an Entrepreneur.
3. What are the advantages of small scale industries ?
4. What are the factors to be considered in product selection ?
5. What are the importance of business plan ?
6. What is Industrial Estate ? Explain its objectives.

P.T.O.



SECTION – C

Answer **any three** questions. **Each** carries **fourteen** marks.

(3×14=42)

7. Explain the characteristics of a successful entrepreneur.
 8. Explain the role of small scale industries in Indian Economy.
 9. Write the typical format of project report.
 10. What is business plan ? Explain the steps involved in preparation of business plan.
 11. Briefly explain the functions of SIDBI.
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64522



**V Semester B.B.A. Examination, April/May 2023
(F+R) (CBCS) (Semester Scheme)**

BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

Paper – 5.2 : Computer Application in Business

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 70

Instruction : Answers should be written in **English** only.

SECTION – A

1. Answer **any 5** questions.

(5×2=10)

- a) What do you mean by data processing ?
- b) What is Online Processing ?
- c) What is DSS ?
- d) What is Mail Merge ?
- e) What is Word Wrap ?
- f) What is Auto fill in Excel ?
- g) Define Ledger.

SECTION – B

Answer **any 3** questions.

(3×6=18)

2. Explain briefly the features of MS Excel.
3. Explain the features of Office Automation System.
4. Write a note on Bullets and Numbering.
5. Explain the advantages of Tally ?
6. What is Mail Merge ? What are the advantages of Mail Merge ?

P.T.O.



SECTION – C

Answer **any 3** questions.

(3×14=42)

7. What is DBMS ? What are the advantages and disadvantages of DBMS ?
 8. Explain the different types of data models.
 9. Explain the different types of information system.
 10. Explain the main components of MS Power Point window.
 11. Write a note on :
 - a) ESS
 - b) TPS
 - c) OAS.
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64523

V Semester B.B.A. Degree Examination, April/May 2023
(CBCS Scheme)

BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

Paper – 5.3 : Investment Management

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 70

Instruction : The answer should be written in **English** only.

SECTION – A

1. Answer **any five** of the following sub-questions. **Each** sub-question carries **two** marks : (5×2=10)
- a) What is a warrant ?
 - b) Expand CAPM and ADR.
 - c) What is mutual fund ?
 - d) What do you mean by systematic risk ?
 - e) What is economic analysis ?
 - f) Define portfolio.
 - g) Mr. Venky has a perpetual bond of the face value of Rs. 1,750. He receives an interest of Rs. 180 annually. What should be its value if the required rate of return is 12% ?

SECTION – B

Answer **any three** of the following questions. **Each** question carries **six** marks : (3×6=18)

- 2. Briefly explain different types of derivatives.
- 3. Explain the Markowitz Model of portfolio management.
- 4. Write a note on industrial analysis.
- 5. Explain the steps involved in buying securities.
- 6. An investor considering the purchase of an 6% Rs. 500 bond redeemable after 5 years at par. The investors required rate of return is 7%. How much should he be willing to pay now to purchase the bond ?

P.T.O.



SECTION – C

Answer **any three** of the following questions. **Each** question carries **fourteen marks** :

(3×14=42)

7. Discuss the types of mutual funds.
8. What do you mean by economic forecasting ? Explain its techniques.
9. Explain the steps of the portfolio management process.
10. Explain the types of securities.
11. Mr. Suhas invested in equity shares of Naveen Ltd., its anticipated return and associated probabilities are given below :

Return (%)	- 30	- 20	10	20	30	40	60
Probability	0.05	0.10	0.15	0.25	0.30	0.10	0.05

You are required to calculate the expected rate of return and risk in terms of standard deviation.



SECTION – C

Answer **any three** of the following questions. **Each** question carries **fourteen** marks :

(3×14=42)

7. Discuss the types of mutual funds.
8. What do you mean by economic forecasting ? Explain its techniques.
9. Explain the steps of the portfolio management process.
10. Explain the types of securities.
11. Mr. Suhas invested in equity shares of Naveen Ltd., its anticipated return and associated probabilities are given below :

Return (%)	– 30	– 20	10	20	30	40	60
Probability	0.05	0.10	0.15	0.25	0.30	0.10	0.05

You are required to calculate the expected rate of return and risk in terms of standard deviation.



64524



V Semester B.B.A. Degree Examination, April/May 2023
(CBCS – Fresh Scheme)
BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION
Management Accounting

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 70

Instruction : Answer should be written in **English** only.

SECTION – A

Answer **any five** sub-questions, **each** sub-question carries **two** marks. (5×2=10)

1. a) Give the meaning of Management Accounting.
- b) State any two scope of Management Accounting.
- c) What is the purpose of knowing the Leverage or Solvency Ratio ?
- d) Give the meaning of working capital.
- e) What are the limitations of cash flow statement ?
- f) Give the meaning of Marginal costing.
- g) Write the meaning of Flexible Budget.

SECTION – B

Answer **any three** questions. **Each** question carries **six** marks. (3×6=18)

2. Differentiate between Management Accounting and Cost Accounting.
3. From the following compute Current Ratio and Quick Ratio of an organisation;
Cash in hand Rs. 5,000; Cash at bank Rs. 3,000; Stock Rs. 15,000; Sundry Debtors Rs. 20,000; Prepaid Expenses Rs. 2,000; Bills Payable Rs. 10,000; Sundry Creditors Rs. 5,000; Outstanding expenses Rs. 25,000; Bank loan (short term) Rs. 15,000.
4. From the following Balance Sheets of Shobha Ltd., you are required to prepare a schedule of changes in working capital.

Liabilities	31-03-2021	31-03-2022	Assets	31-03-2021	31-03-2022
Capital	1,60,000	80,000	Land and		
Profit and			Buildings	1,00,000	50,000
Loss A/c	29,000	29,000	Plant and		
Creditors	18,000	10,500	Machinery	74,000	34,000

P.T.O.



	Stock	9,000	7,000
	Debtors	20,000	19,500
	Cash at Bank	4,000	9,000
2,07,000	1,19,500	2,07,000	1,19,500

5. Calculate cash from operating activities from the following data :

Particulars	2021	2022
Profit and loss appropriation account	75,000	1,00,000
Bills Receivables	18,750	25,000
Provision for depreciation	65,000	70,000
Outstanding Salary	12,500	18,750
Prepaid Rent	6,250	7,500
Goodwill	27,500	22,500
Stock	73,750	77,500

6. Given Total fixed cost : 1,50,000; Selling Price per unit Rs. 15;
 Variable cost per unit : Rs. 10
 Calculate :
 a) P/V Ratio
 b) BEP in units/rupees.

SECTION – C

Answer **any three** questions. **Each** question carries **fourteen** marks. **(3×14=42)**

7. Following is the Balance Sheet of Sneha Ltd. as on 31st March 2022.

Liabilities	Rs.	Assets	Rs.
Equity Share Capital	5,00,000	Land and Buildings	9,00,000
8% Pref. Shares	4,00,000	Plant and Machinery	8,00,000
Reserves and Surplus	4,00,000	Closing Stock	3,00,000
9% Debentures	6,00,000	Debtors	2,00,000
Current Liabilities	4,00,000	Bank and Cash	90,000
		Prepaid Expenses	10,000
	23,00,000		23,00,000

Additional Information :

Sales during the year is Rs. 8,00,000; Cost of goods sold Rs. 6,00,000. Office and Administrative expenses Rs. 1,12,000; Commission and Discount earned Rs. 12,000; Loss on sale of machinery Rs. 34,000; Profit on sale of building Rs. 54,000.

You are required to calculate Current Ratio, Liquid Ratio, Stock Turnover Ratio, Gross Profit Ratio, Net Profit Ratio, Debt-Equity Ratio.



8. From the following Balance Sheet of Raghavendra Ltd. for the year ending 31st March 2021 and 31st March 2022, prepare
- Schedule of changes in working capital
 - Funds Flow Statement.

Balance Sheet as on 31st March

Liabilities	2021	2022	Assets	2021	2022
Share Capital	3,00,000	3,00,000	Goodwill	36,000	36,000
General Reserve	42,000	54,000	Buildings	1,20,000	1,08,000
Profit and Loss A/c	48,000	39,000	Plant	1,11,000	1,08,000
Sundry Creditors	24,000	16,200	Investments	30,000	33,000
Bills Payable	3,600	2,400	Stock	90,000	70,200
Provision for tax	48,000	54,000	Bills Receivable	6,000	9,600
Provision for doubtful debts	1,200	1,800	Debtors	54,000	57,000
			Cash at Bank	19,800	45,600
	4,66,800	4,67,400		4,66,800	4,67,400

The following additional information has also been given :

- Depreciation charged on Plant was Rs. 12,000 and on Building Rs. 12,000.
 - Provision for Tax of Rs. 57,000 was made during the year.
 - Interim dividend of Rs. 36,000 was paid during the year.
9. Given below are the Balance Sheets of Basha Ltd. as on 31-03-2021 and 21-03-2022

Liabilities	2021	2022	Assets	2021	2022
Equity Share Capital	1,00,000	1,50,000	Cash	30,000	15,000
Long term loan	50,000	50,000	Stock	60,000	95,000
Creditors	75,000	1,00,000	Debtors	40,000	60,000
Bills Payable	1,00,000	1,50,000	Goodwill	1,00,000	75,000
Retained Earnings	90,000	1,00,000	Plant and Machinery	50,000	1,00,000
			Land and Buildings	1,00,000	2,00,000
			Furniture	35,000	5,000
	4,15,000	5,50,000		4,15,000	5,50,000

Additional Information :

- Operating expenses includes depreciation of Rs. 40,000 and amortization of Goodwill Rs. 25,000
- A machine has been sold for Rs. 7,500. The cost of sold machine was Rs. 20,000 and Rs. 10,000 depreciation is charged on the same in 2022.



- c) Plant and Machinery was purchased for cash Rs. 70,000 and land and building for Rs. 1,30,000.
 - d) Furniture was sold for cash Rs. 30,000.
 - e) Equity shares were issued for cash Rs. 50,000.
 - f) Rs. 40,000 dividend was paid in cash.
 - g) Net profit for the year ending 31-03-2022 was Rs. 50,000.
- Prepare statement of cash flow as per AS-3 indirect method for the year ending 31-03-2022.

10. The following information is given.

Total Fixed Costs	Rs. 15,000
Sales	Rs. 1,00,000
Variables Cost	Rs. 60,000

Calculate :

- a) Break Even Point (BEP).
- b) New BEP when selling price is reduced by 10%.
- c) New BEP when variable cost is increased by 10%.
- d) New BEP when fixed cost increases by 10%.

11. The budgeted expenses per unit at 10,000 units of production are

Particulars	Rupees
Direct Materials	60
Direct Labour	30
Variable Overhead	20
Fixed overhead (1,60,000)	16
Variable Expenses (Direct)	5
Selling Expenses (20% Fixed)	15
Administrative Expenses (Fixed)	5
Distribution Expenses (20% Fixed)	5
Total	156

Prepare a flexible budget for production of 15,000 and 20,000 units.



64529



V Semester B.B.A. Examination, April/May 2023
(CBCS Scheme)

BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

HR : Employee Welfare and Social Security

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 70

Instruction : Answers should be written in **English** only.

SECTION – A

1. Answer **any five** sub-questions. **Each** question carries **two** marks : **(5×2=10)**
- a) Give the meaning of social security.
 - b) State any two objectives of Labour Welfare.
 - c) What do you mean by Intra Mural ?
 - d) What is Labour Welfare Programme ?
 - e) State any two features of social security.
 - f) What are material equipment and data management ?
 - g) Give the meaning of Provident Fund.

SECTION – B

Answer **any three** questions. **Each** question carries **six** marks : **(3×6=18)**

2. State the various objectives of Labour Welfare.
3. Explain the role of Labour Welfare.
4. State the features of social security.
5. Write a note on : Central Industrial Relations Machinery (CIRM).
6. Discuss various duties of Deputy Director General.

P.T.O.



SECTION – C

Answer **any three** questions. **Each** question carries **fourteen** marks : (3×14=42)

7. Discuss Labour Welfare Policy and Five Year Plans.
 8. Explain various Labour Welfare Programmes.
 9. Discuss the merits of welfare measures.
 10. Write a note on :
 - a) ESI Act, 1948
 - b) Workmen's Compensation Act, 1923.
 11. Explain the functions and qualifications of Social Welfare Officer.
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96047

Question Booklet Sl. No.

NA511341

A

Version Code

A



V SEMESTER B.COM./B.B.A.
EXAMINATION, APRIL/MAY 2023
(CBCS Scheme)
SOCIOLOGY
(Non Core)
Culture, Diversity and Society

Time Allowed : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks : 70

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

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2. Write clearly the Question Booklet Version Code **A, B, C** or **D** in the appropriate space provided for the purpose, in the OMR Answer Sheet.
3. Enter the name of the Subject, Reg. No., Student ID, Q.P. Code, Question Booklet version code and affix Signature on the OMR sheet. As the answer sheets are designed to suit the Optical Mark Reader (OMR) system, special care should be taken to fill those items accurately.
4. This Question Booklet contains **55** questions, **Part – A** contains **40** questions of **one** mark **each**. **Part – B** contains **15** questions of **two** marks **each**. **All** questions must be attempted. Each question contains four answers, among them one correct answer should be selected and shade the corresponding option in the OMR sheet.
5. All the answers should be marked only on the OMR sheet provided and only with a **black** or **blue** ink ball point pen. If more than one circle is shaded / wrongly shaded / half shaded for a given question no marks will be awarded.
6. Questions are in both English and Kannada. If any confusion arises in the Kannada version, please refer to the English version of the questions.
7. Immediately after the final bell indicating the closure of the examination, stop making any further markings in the OMR Answer Sheet. Be seated till the OMR Answer Sheet is collected. After handing over the OMR Answer Sheet to the Invigilator you may leave the examination hall.

ಗಮನಿಸಿ : ಸೂಚನೆಗಳ ಕನ್ನಡ ಆವೃತ್ತಿಯು ಈ ಪುಟದ ಹಿಂಭಾಗದಲ್ಲಿ ಮುದ್ರಿಸಲ್ಪಟ್ಟಿದೆ.

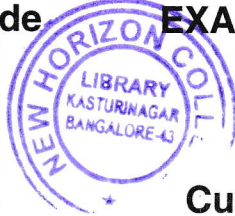


96047

A

Version Code

A



V SEMESTER B.COM./B.B.A.
EXAMINATION, APRIL/MAY 2023
(CBCS Scheme)
SOCIOLOGY
(Non Core)
Culture, Diversity and Society

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Note : Answer **all** questions. **Each** question carries **one** mark.

ಸೂಚನೆಗಳು : ಎಲ್ಲಾ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿ. ಪ್ರತಿ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗೆ ಒಂದು ಅಂಕ.

1. 'Shabda Kirtana' is found in _____ dharma.

- A) Buddhism
C) Jainism

- B) Hinduism
D) Sikkism

'ಶಬ್ದ ಕೀರ್ತನ' _____ ಧರ್ಮದಲ್ಲಿ ಕಂಡುಬರುತ್ತದೆ.

- A) ಬೌದ್ಧಧರ್ಮ
C) ಜೈನಧರ್ಮ

- B) ಹಿಂದೂಧರ್ಮ
D) ಸಿಖ್ ಧರ್ಮ

2. Retreating Monsoon Season period starts from

- A) February and March
C) April and May

- B) October and November
D) December and January

ಹಿಂಗಾರು ಮಾನ್ಸೂನ್ ಕಾಲವು _____ ನಲ್ಲಿ ಪ್ರಾರಂಭವಾಗುತ್ತದೆ.

- A) ಫೆಬ್ರವರಿ ಮತ್ತು ಮಾರ್ಚ್
C) ಏಪ್ರಿಲ್ ಮತ್ತು ಮೇ

- B) ಅಕ್ಟೋಬರ್ ಮತ್ತು ನವೆಂಬರ್
D) ಡಿಸೆಂಬರ್ ಮತ್ತು ಜನವರಿ

3. Parsi's came to India in

- A) 5th Century
C) 8th Century

- B) 10th Century
D) 6th Century

ಪಾರ್ಸಿಗಳು ಭಾರತಕ್ಕೆ ಕ್ರಿ.ಶ. _____ ದಲ್ಲಿ ಬಂದರು.

- A) ಕ್ರಿ.ಶ. 5ನೇ ಶತಮಾನ
C) ಕ್ರಿ.ಶ. 8ನೇ ಶತಮಾನ

- B) ಕ್ರಿ.ಶ. 10ನೇ ಶತಮಾನ
D) ಕ್ರಿ.ಶ. 6ನೇ ಶತಮಾನ

4. Hindu Succession Act passed in the year

A) 1956

B) 1986

C) 1929

D) 2005

ಹಿಂದೂ ಉತ್ತರಾಧಿಕಾರ ಕಾಯಿದೆ ಅನುಮೋದನೆಗೊಂಡ ವರ್ಷ

A) 1956

B) 1986

C) 1929

D) 2005

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

A



5. Dharma, Artha, Kama, Moksha are called as

- A) Ashrama System B) Gurukula System
C) Samskaras D) Purusharthas

ಧರ್ಮ, ಅರ್ಥ, ಕಾಮ ಮತ್ತು ಮೋಕ್ಷವನ್ನು ಹೀಗೆ ಕರೆಯುತ್ತಾರೆ

- A) ಆಶ್ರಮ ಪದ್ಧತಿ B) ಗುರುಕುಲ ಪದ್ಧತಿ
C) ಸಂಸ್ಕಾರಗಳು D) ಪುರುಷಾರ್ಥಗಳು

6. Causes for linguistic diversity is

- A) Biological B) Racial
C) Socio-Economic D) Regional

ಭಾಷಾ ವೈವಿಧ್ಯತೆಗೆ ಕಾರಣ

- A) ಜೈವಿಕ B) ಜನಾಂಗೀಯ
C) ಸಾಮಾಜಿಕ-ಆರ್ಥಿಕ D) ಪ್ರಾಂತೀಯ

7. The word Family derived from Latin word

- A) Famili B) Famulas C) Feminine D) Family

‘ಫ್ಯಾಮಿಲಿ’ ಎಂಬ ಅರ್ಥ ನೀಡುವ ಲ್ಯಾಟಿನ್ ಪದ

- A) ಫ್ಯಾಮಿಲೈ B) ಫ್ಯಾಮ್ಯುಲಸ್ C) ಫೆಮಿನೈನ್ D) ಫ್ಯಾಮಿಲಿ

8. Indian soil can be classified into _____ categories.

- A) Five B) Six C) Four D) Three

ಭಾರತೀಯ ಮಣ್ಣನ್ನು _____ ಭಾಗಗಳಾಗಿ ವರ್ಗೀಕರಿಸಬಹುದು.

- A) ಐದು B) ಆರು C) ನಾಲ್ಕು D) ಮೂರು

9. Women University in Karnataka is located at

- A) Bangalore B) Hubli C) Belagavi D) Bijapura

ಮಹಿಳಾ ವಿಶ್ವವಿದ್ಯಾಲಯವು ಕರ್ನಾಟಕದ _____ ಸ್ಥಳದಲ್ಲಿ ಇದೆ.

- A) ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು B) ಹುಬ್ಬಳ್ಳಿ C) ಬೆಳಗಾವಿ D) ಬಿಜಾಪುರ

10. Abolition of Untouchability Article

- A) 15(3) B) 17 C) 21 D) 43

ಅಸ್ಮಶ್ಯತೆ ನಿವಾರಣೆಯ ಕಲಮು

- A) 15(3) B) 17 C) 21 D) 43

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK



11. _____ is an ascribed status.

A) Manager

B) Caste

C) Religion

D) Class

ಆರೋಪಿತ ಸ್ಥಾನಮಾನವು

A) ಪ್ರಬಂಧಕ

B) ಜಾತಿ

C) ಧರ್ಮ

D) ವರ್ಗ

12. Abolition of Child Marriage Act

A) 1986

B) 1929

C) 1990

D) 1998

ಬಾಲ್ಯ ವಿವಾಹ ನಿಷೇಧ ಕಾಯಿದೆ

A) 1986

B) 1929

C) 1990

D) 1998

13. Communalism is a great threat to _____ State.

A) Religious

B) Communist

C) Caste

D) Secular

ಕೋಮುವಾದವು _____ ರಾಜ್ಯಗಳಿಗೆ ಬೆದರಿಕೆ ಉಂಟು ಮಾಡುತ್ತದೆ.

A) ಧಾರ್ಮಿಕ

B) ಕಮ್ಯೂನಿಸ್ಟ್

C) ಜಾತಿಗಳು

D) ಜಾತ್ಯಾತೀತ

14. The boundary between India and Pakistan is called

A) McMohan line

B) Pak Straight

C) Radcliffe line

D) Durand line

ಭಾರತ ಮತ್ತು ಪಾಕಿಸ್ತಾನ ಇರುವ ಗಡಿ ರೇಖೆಯನ್ನು ಹೀಗೆ ಕರೆಯುತ್ತಾರೆ

A) ಮೆಕ್‌ಮೋಹನ್ ಲೈನ್

B) ಪಾಕ್ ಸ್ಟ್ರೇಟ್

C) ರ್ಯಾಡ್‌ಕ್ಲಿಫ್ ಲೈನ್

D) ಡೂರೆಂಡ್ ಲೈನ್

15. According to 2011 census female literacy rate is

A) 65.46

B) 75

C) 85.36

D) 69.49

2011 ರ ಜನಗಣತಿಯ ಪ್ರಕಾರ ಮಹಿಳಾ ಸಾಕ್ಷರತಾ ಪ್ರಮಾಣವು

A) 65.46

B) 75

C) 85.36

D) 69.49

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

A



16. 'Khasis' tribes are located in

- A) Southern Zone
C) Central Zone

- B) North Eastern Zone
D) Western Zone

'ಖಾಸಿ' ಬುಡಕಟ್ಟು ಜನಾಂಗವು ಕಂಡುಬರುವ ಪ್ರದೇಶ

- A) ದಕ್ಷಿಣ ವಲಯ
C) ಕೇಂದ್ರ ವಲಯ

- B) ಈಶಾನ್ಯ ವಲಯ
D) ಪಶ್ಚಿಮ ವಲಯ

17. The term 'Ethnocentrism' was coined by

- A) Max Weber
C) W.G. Sumner

- B) Karl Marx
D) C.H. Cooley

'ಸ್ವಸಂಸ್ಕೃತವಾದ' ವನ್ನು ನೀಡಿದವರು

- A) ಮ್ಯಾಕ್ಸ್ ವೆಬರ್
C) ಡಬ್ಲ್ಯೂ.ಜಿ. ಸಮ್ನರ್

- B) ಕಾರ್ಲ್ ಮಾರ್ಕ್ಸ್
D) ಸಿ.ಹೆಚ್.ಕೂಲಿ

18. National tree of India

- A) Mango tree
C) Peepul tree

- B) Banyan tree
D) Coconut tree

ಭಾರತದ ರಾಷ್ಟ್ರೀಯ ಮರ

- A) ಮಾವಿನ ಮರ
C) ಅರಳಿ ಮರ

- B) ಆಲದ ಮರ
D) ತೆಂಗಿನ ಮರ

19. Head of the joint family is called

- A) Father B) Mother

- C) Kartha D) Son

ಅವಿಭಕ್ತ ಕುಟುಂಬದ ಯಜಮಾನನನ್ನು ಹೀಗೆ ಕರೆಯುತ್ತಾರೆ

- A) ತಂದೆ B) ತಾಯಿ

- C) ಕರ್ತಾ D) ಮಗ

20. The word 'Unity in Diversity' refers to

- A) Solidarity and we feeling
C) Hatredness

- B) Divisiveness
D) None of the above

'ವಿವಿಧತೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಏಕತೆ' ಎಂಬ ಪದವು _____ ಸೂಚಿಸುತ್ತದೆ.

- A) ಒಗ್ಗಟ್ಟು ಮತ್ತು ನಾವು ನಮ್ಮವರು ಎನ್ನುವ ಭಾವನೆ

- B) ವಿಭಾಜಿಸುವಿಕೆ

- C) ದ್ವೇಷಿಸುವಿಕೆ

- D) ಮೇಲಿನ ಯಾವುದೂ ಅಲ್ಲ

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK



21. Domestic Violence Act

A) 2010

B) 2008

C) 2005

D) 2015

ಕೌಟುಂಬಿಕ ದೌರ್ಜನ್ಯ ಕಾಯಿದೆ

A) 2010

B) 2008

C) 2005

D) 2015

22. Millers Commission was appointed by _____ in the year 1918.

A) Mysore Government

B) Central Government

C) State Government

D) British Government

ಮಿಲ್ಲರ್ ಆಯೋಗವನ್ನು 1918 ರಲ್ಲಿ ರಚಿಸಿದವರು

A) ಮೈಸೂರು ಸರ್ಕಾರ

B) ಕೇಂದ್ರ ಸರ್ಕಾರ

C) ರಾಜ್ಯ ಸರ್ಕಾರ

D) ಬ್ರಿಟಿಷ್ ಸರ್ಕಾರ

23. Globalization tend to replace cultural plurality by

A) Ethnicity

B) Capacity

C) Dignity

D) Uniformity

ಸಾಂಸ್ಕೃತಿಕ ಬಹುತ್ವವನ್ನು _____ ಜಾಗತೀಕರಣದೊಂದಿಗೆ ಬದಲಿಸುತ್ತದೆ.

A) ಜನಾಂಗೀಯತೆ

B) ಸಾಮರ್ಥ್ಯ

C) ಘನತೆ

D) ಏಕರೂಪತೆ

24. _____ are the famous valleys in the Himachal Region.

A) Ranikhet

B) Kangra and Kulu

C) Pirpanjal

D) Mahabharat

ಹಿಮಾಚಲ ಪ್ರದೇಶದ ಪ್ರಸಿದ್ಧ ಕಣಿವೆ

A) ರಾಣಿಕೇಟ್

B) ಕಾಂಗ್ರಾ ಮತ್ತು ಕುಲು

C) ಪಿರ್‌ಪಂಜಲ್

D) ಮಹಾಭಾರತ

25. _____ is called as the 'Watch Dog' of the democracy.

A) Press

B) Judiciary

C) Legislative

D) Executive

_____ ಪ್ರಜಾಪ್ರಭುತ್ವದ 'ಕಾವಲು ನಾಯಿ' ಎಂದು ಕರೆಯುತ್ತೇವೆ.

A) ಮಾಧ್ಯಮ

B) ನ್ಯಾಯಾಂಗ

C) ಶಾಸಕಾಂಗ

D) ಕಾರ್ಯಾಂಗ

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK



21. Domestic Violence Act

A) 2010

B) 2008

C) 2005

D) 2015

ಕೌಟುಂಬಿಕ ದೌರ್ಜನ್ಯ ಕಾಯಿದೆ

A) 2010

B) 2008

C) 2005

D) 2015

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ಮಿಲ್ಲರ್ ಆಯೋಗವನ್ನು 1918 ರಲ್ಲಿ ರಚಿಸಿದವರು

A) ಮೈಸೂರು ಸರ್ಕಾರ

B) ಕೇಂದ್ರ ಸರ್ಕಾರ

C) ರಾಜ್ಯ ಸರ್ಕಾರ

D) ಬ್ರಿಟಿಷ್ ಸರ್ಕಾರ

23. Globalization tend to replace cultural plurality by

A) Ethnicity

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D) Uniformity

ಸಾಂಸ್ಕೃತಿಕ ಬಹುತ್ವವನ್ನು _____ ಜಾಗತೀಕರಣದೊಂದಿಗೆ ಬದಲಿಸುತ್ತದೆ.

A) ಜನಾಂಗೀಯತೆ

B) ಸಾಮರ್ಥ್ಯ

C) ಘನತೆ

D) ಏಕರೂಪತೆ

24. _____ are the famous valleys in the Himachal Region.

A) Ranikhet

B) Kangra and Kulu

C) Pirpanjal

D) Mahabharat

ಹಿಮಾಚಲ ಪ್ರದೇಶದ ಪ್ರಸಿದ್ಧ ಕಣಿವೆ

A) ರಾಣಿಕೇಟ್

B) ಕಾಂಗ್ರಾ ಮತ್ತು ಕುಲು

C) ಪಿರ್‌ಪಂಜಲ್

D) ಮಹಾಭಾರತ

25. _____ is called as the 'Watch Dog' of the democracy.

A) Press

B) Judiciary

C) Legislative

D) Executive

_____ ಪ್ರಜಾಪ್ರಭುತ್ವದ 'ಕಾವಲು ನಾಯಿ' ಎಂದು ಕರೆಯುತ್ತೇವೆ.

A) ಮಾಧ್ಯಮ

B) ನ್ಯಾಯಾಂಗ

C) ಶಾಸಕಾಂಗ

D) ಕಾರ್ಯಾಂಗ

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK



26. International Agencies working for promoting child welfare are

- | | |
|---------|------------------|
| A) WHO | B) UNICEF |
| C) IUCW | D) All the above |

ಮಕ್ಕಳ ಕಲ್ಯಾಣಕ್ಕಾಗಿ ಶ್ರಮಿಸುತ್ತಿರುವ ಅಂತರರಾಷ್ಟ್ರೀಯ ನಿಯೋಗಿಗಳು

- | | |
|---------|-----------------|
| A) WHO | B) UNICEF |
| C) IUCW | D) ಮೇಲಿನ ಎಲ್ಲವೂ |

27. The Gurupada Swamy Committee was formed by Government in the year 1979 to study the issue of

- | | |
|--------------|-----------------|
| A) Slums | B) Corruption |
| C) Terrorism | D) Child Labour |

1979 ರಲ್ಲಿ ಸರ್ಕಾರವು ಗುರುಪಾದ ಸ್ವಾಮಿ ಸಮಿತಿಯನ್ನು _____ ಅಧ್ಯಯನಕ್ಕಾಗಿ ರಚಿಸಿತು.

- | | |
|-----------------|------------------|
| A) ಕೊಳಚೆ ಪ್ರದೇಶ | B) ಭ್ರಷ್ಟಾಚಾರ |
| C) ಭಯೋತ್ಪಾದನೆ | D) ಬಾಲ ಕಾರ್ಮಿಕರು |

28. NCLP means

- A) National Child Learning Programme
- B) National Child Labour Project
- C) New Commission for Learning Policy
- D) National Children Liberal Policy

NCLP ಎಂದರೆ

- A) ರಾಷ್ಟ್ರೀಯ ಮಕ್ಕಳ ಕಲಿಕಾ ಕಾರ್ಯಕ್ರಮ
- B) ರಾಷ್ಟ್ರೀಯ ಮಕ್ಕಳ ಕೂಲಿ ಯೋಜನೆ
- C) ನೂತನ ಸಮಿತಿ ಕಲಿಕಾ ನೀತಿಗಾಗಿ
- D) ರಾಷ್ಟ್ರೀಯ ಮಕ್ಕಳ ಉದಾರ ನೀತಿ

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

A



29. _____ means marriage within the caste.

A) Exogamy

B) Endogamy

C) Monogamy

D) Polygamy

ಸ್ವಜಾತಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಆಗುವ ವಿವಾಹವನ್ನು _____ ಎಂದು ಕರೆಯುತ್ತಾರೆ.

A) ಹೊರಪಂಗಡ ವಿವಾಹ

B) ಒಳಪಂಗಡ ವಿವಾಹ

C) ಏಕಪತ್ನಿತ್ವ

D) ಬಹುಪತ್ನಿತ್ವ

30. One of the major reasons contributing for Indian urbanisation is

A) Rural Urban Migration

B) Urban Rural Migration

C) Rural Rural Migration

D) Urban Urban Migration

ಭಾರತದ ನಗರೀಕರಣ ಪ್ರಕ್ರಿಯೆಯನ್ನು ಉತ್ತೇಜಿಸುತ್ತಿರುವ ಪ್ರಮುಖ ಕಾರಣ

A) ಗ್ರಾಮೀಣ ಪ್ರದೇಶದಿಂದ ನಗರ ಪ್ರದೇಶಕ್ಕೆ ವಲಸೆ

B) ನಗರ ಪ್ರದೇಶದಿಂದ ಗ್ರಾಮೀಣ ಪ್ರದೇಶಕ್ಕೆ ವಲಸೆ

C) ಗ್ರಾಮೀಣ ಪ್ರದೇಶದಿಂದ ಗ್ರಾಮೀಣ ಪ್ರದೇಶಕ್ಕೆ ವಲಸೆ

D) ನಗರ ಪ್ರದೇಶದಿಂದ ನಗರ ಪ್ರದೇಶಕ್ಕೆ ವಲಸೆ

31. World Environment Day

A) June 5th

B) January 26th

C) May 5th

D) September 10th

ವಿಶ್ವ ಪರಿಸರ ದಿನ

A) ಜೂನ್ 5

B) ಜನವರಿ 26

C) ಮೇ 5

D) ಸೆಪ್ಟೆಂಬರ್ 10

32. SAARC declared _____ year as the decade of girl child.

A) 1991 – 2000

B) 2000 – 2010

C) 1981 – 1991

D) 2010 – 2020

ಸಾರ್ಕ್ (SAARC) _____ ವರ್ಷವನ್ನು ಹೆಣ್ಣು ಮಕ್ಕಳ ದಶವರ್ಷ ಎಂದು ಘೋಷಿಸಿದೆ.

A) 1991 – 2000

B) 2000 – 2010

C) 1981 – 1991

D) 2010 – 2020

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

A



33. _____ implies distribution of society into social classes.

- | | |
|--------------|--------------------------|
| A) Socialism | B) Social stratification |
| C) Religion | D) Community |

ಸಾಮಾಜಿಕ ವರ್ಗ ವ್ಯವಸ್ಥೆಯ ಹಂಚಿಕೆಗೆ _____ ಕಾರಣವಾಗಿದೆ.

- | | |
|------------|-------------------------|
| A) ಸಮಾಜವಾದ | B) ಸಾಮಾಜಿಕ ಸ್ತರ ವಿನ್ಯಾಸ |
| C) ಧರ್ಮ | D) ಸಮುದಾಯ |

34. Jainism has two main divisions _____ and _____.

- | | |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------|
| A) Hinayana and Mahayana | B) Shwethambar and Digambar |
| C) Shia and Sunni | D) Catholic and Protestant |

ಜೈನ ಧರ್ಮದಲ್ಲಿ ಇರುವ ಎರಡು ಪ್ರಮುಖ ಪಂಗಡಗಳು _____ ಮತ್ತು _____.

- | | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| A) ಹೀನಯಾನ ಮತ್ತು ಮಹಾಯಾನ | B) ಶ್ವೇತಾಂಬರ ಮತ್ತು ದಿಗಂಬರ |
| C) ಶಿಯಾ ಮತ್ತು ಸುನ್ನಿಗಳು | D) ಕ್ಯಾಥೋಲಿಕ್ ಮತ್ತು ಪ್ರೋಟೆಸ್ಟೆಂಟ್ |

35. The first Backward Classes Commission under the Chairmanship of

- | | |
|----------------------|----------------------|
| A) Ashok Mehta | B) Kaka Kalekar |
| C) Dr. B.R. Ambedkar | D) Balwant Rai Mehta |

ಮೊದಲನೇ ಹಿಂದುಳಿದ ವರ್ಗಗಳ ಆಯೋಗದ ಅಧ್ಯಕ್ಷರು

- | | |
|---------------------------|----------------------|
| A) ಅಶೋಕ್ ಮೆಹತಾ | B) ಕಾಕಾ ಕಾಲೇಕರ್ |
| C) ಡಾ ಬಿ.ಆರ್. ಅಂಬೇಡ್ಕರ್ | D) ಬಲವಂತ್ ರಾಯ್ ಮೆಹತಾ |

36. Abolition of Bonded Labour Article _____ of Indian Constitution.

- | | | | |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| A) 18 | B) 23 | C) 25 | D) 16 |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|

ಭಾರತದ ಸಂವಿಧಾನದ ಕಲಮು _____ ಬಲವಂತದ ದುಡಿಮೆಯನ್ನು ಶಾಸನ ಬಾಹಿರವನ್ನಾಗಿಸಿದೆ.

- | | | | |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| A) 18 | B) 23 | C) 25 | D) 16 |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK



37. Free and compulsory education at the age group of 6 to 14 is a _____ Right.

A) Educational Right

B) Fundamental Right

C) Political Right

D) Civil Right

ಆರರಿಂದ ಹದಿನಾಲ್ಕು ವರ್ಷದ ಮಕ್ಕಳಿಗೆ ಉಚಿತ ಮತ್ತು ಕಡ್ಡಾಯ ಶಿಕ್ಷಣವನ್ನು _____ ಹಕ್ಕು ಎಂದು ಕರೆಯುತ್ತೇವೆ.

A) ಶಿಕ್ಷಣದ ಹಕ್ಕು

B) ಮೂಲಭೂತ ಹಕ್ಕು

C) ರಾಜಕೀಯ ಹಕ್ಕು

D) ನಾಗರಿಕ ಹಕ್ಕು

38. NGOs means

A) Non Government Organizations

B) New Government Officers

C) Neo Government Organizations

D) None of the above

NGO ಅಂದರೆ

A) ಸರ್ಕಾರೇತರ ಸಂಘಟನೆಗಳು

B) ಹೊಸ ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಅಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳು

C) ನೂತನ ಸರ್ಕಾರಿ ಸಂಘಟನೆಗಳು

D) ಮೇಲಿನ ಯಾವುದೂ ಅನ್ವಯಿಸುವುದಿಲ್ಲ

39. Children below _____ age is known as child labour.

A) 25

B) 14

C) 18

D) 10

_____ ವಯಸ್ಸಿನೊಳಗಿನ ಮಕ್ಕಳನ್ನು ಬಾಲ ಕಾರ್ಮಿಕರೆನ್ನುತ್ತಾರೆ.

A) 25

B) 14

C) 18

D) 10

40. Criminal violence are

A) Dowry, Abuse, Irrespecting elder

B) Rape, Murder and Abduction

C) Copyright, Piracy, Patent

D) Cheating, Hacking, Theft

ಕ್ರಿಮಿನಲ್ ದೌರ್ಜನ್ಯ ಅಂದರೆ

A) ವರದಕ್ಷಿಣೆ, ನಿಂದನೆ, ಹಿರಿಯರಿಗೆ ಅಗೌರವ

B) ಅತ್ಯಾಚಾರ, ಕೊಲೆ ಮತ್ತು ಅಪಹರಣ

C) ಕೃತಿಸ್ವಾಮ್ಯ, ಕಳ್ಳತನ, ಹಕ್ಕುಪತ್ರ

D) ವಂಚನೆ, ಹ್ಯಾಕಿಂಗ್, ಕಳ್ಳತನ

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

A



PART – B

ವಿಭಾಗ – ಬಿ

Note : All questions to be answered. Each question carries 2 marks.

(2×15=30)

ಸೂಚನೆಗಳು : ಎಲ್ಲಾ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿರಿ. ಪ್ರತಿ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗೆ 2 ಅಂಕಗಳು.

41. Match the following :

A

B

- | | |
|----------------------|---------------------------|
| 1. Migrations | a. Employment opportunity |
| 2. Industrialization | b. Urbanization process |
| 3. Modernization | c. Free Market |
| 4. Globalization | d. Science and Technology |

Codes :

- A) 1 – b 2 – a 3 – d 4 – c
 B) 1 – c 2 – b 3 – a 4 – d
 C) 1 – d 2 – c 3 – b 4 – a
 D) 1 – a 2 – d 3 – c 4 – b

ಹೊಂದಿಸಿ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ :

ಎ

ಬಿ

- | | |
|--------------|-----------------------------|
| 1. ವಲಸೆ | a. ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ಅವಕಾಶ |
| 2. ಕೈಗಾರೀಕರಣ | b. ನಗರೀಕರಣ ಪ್ರಕ್ರಿಯೆ |
| 3. ಆಧುನೀಕರಣ | c. ಮುಕ್ತ ಮಾರುಕಟ್ಟೆ |
| 4. ಜಾಗತೀಕರಣ | d. ವಿಜ್ಞಾನ ಮತ್ತು ತಾಂತ್ರಿಕತೆ |

ಸಂಕೇತಗಳು :

- A) 1 – b 2 – a 3 – d 4 – c
 B) 1 – c 2 – b 3 – a 4 – d
 C) 1 – d 2 – c 3 – b 4 – a
 D) 1 – a 2 – d 3 – c 4 – b

42. According to 2011 census _____ is the most thickly populated State.

- A) Madhya Pradesh B) Karnataka C) Gujarat D) Bihar

2011 ರ ಜನಗಣತಿಯ ಪ್ರಕಾರ _____ ರಾಜ್ಯವು ಹೆಚ್ಚು ಜನಸಂಖ್ಯೆಯನ್ನು ಹೊಂದಿದೆ.

- A) ಮಧ್ಯಪ್ರದೇಶ B) ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ C) ಗುಜರಾತ್ D) ಬಿಹಾರ್

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

A



43. McDonaldization is a concept related to

- A) Nationalism
C) Political System

- B) Education System
D) Fast Food Restaurants

ಮೆಕ್‌ಡೋನಾಲ್ಡ್‌ಜೇಷನ್ ಎಂಬ ಪರಿಕಲ್ಪನೆಯು _____ ಸಂಬಂಧಿಸಿದ್ದಾಗಿದೆ.

- A) ರಾಷ್ಟ್ರೀಯವಾದಕ್ಕೆ
C) ರಾಜಕೀಯ ವ್ಯವಸ್ಥೆಗೆ

- B) ಶಿಕ್ಷಣ ವ್ಯವಸ್ಥೆಗೆ
D) ಫಾಸ್ಟ್‌ಫುಡ್ ರೆಸ್ಟೋರೆಂಟ್‌ಗಳಿಗೆ

44. Match the following :

A

1. The Mines Act
2. The Plantation Labour Act
3. POCSO Act
4. Dowry Prohibition Act

B

- a. 2012
- b. 1961
- c. 1951
- d. 1952

Codes :

- A) 1 - c 2 - a 3 - b 4 - d
B) 1 - d 2 - c 3 - a 4 - b
C) 1 - c 2 - d 3 - a 4 - b
D) 1 - a 2 - b 3 - c 4 - d

ಹೊಂದಿಸಿ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ :

ಎ

1. ಗಣಿ ಕಾಯಿದೆ
2. ತೋಟದ ಕಾರ್ಮಿಕರ ಕಾಯಿದೆ
3. ಪೋಕ್ಸೋ ಕಾಯಿದೆ (POCSO)
4. ವರದಕ್ಷಿಣೆ ನಿಷೇಧ ಕಾಯಿದೆ

ಬಿ

- a. 2012
- b. 1961
- c. 1951
- d. 1952

ಸಂಕೇತಗಳು :

- A) 1 - c 2 - a 3 - b 4 - d
B) 1 - d 2 - c 3 - a 4 - b
C) 1 - c 2 - d 3 - a 4 - b
D) 1 - a 2 - b 3 - c 4 - d

45. Women Empowerment year

- A) 1999 B) 2005

C) 1995

D) 2001

ಮಹಿಳಾ ಸಬಲೀಕರಣ ವರ್ಷ

A) 1999

B) 2005

C) 1995

D) 2001

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

A



46. India covers about _____ of the world's total land area.

- A) 25% B) 4.2% C) 10% D) 2.4%

ಜಗತ್ತಿನ ಒಟ್ಟು ಭೂ ಪ್ರದೇಶದಲ್ಲಿ ಭಾರತವು _____ ರಷ್ಟು ಭೂಮಿಯನ್ನು ಹೊಂದಿದೆ.

- A) 25% B) 4.2% C) 10% D) 2.4%

47. Family is an _____ agency of social control.

- A) Formal agency B) Informal agency
C) Non-formal agency D) Neo-formal agency

ಕುಟುಂಬವು _____ ನಿಯೋಗವಾಗಿ ಸಾಮಾಜಿಕ ನಿಯಂತ್ರಣ ಮಾಡುತ್ತದೆ.

- A) ಔಪಚಾರಿಕ B) ಅನೌಪಚಾರಿಕ
C) ಔಪಚಾರಿಕೇತರ D) ನೂತನ ಔಪಚಾರಿಕ

48. International Women's Day celebrated on

- A) June 5 B) March 8 C) April 14 D) October 2

ಅಂತರರಾಷ್ಟ್ರೀಯ ಮಹಿಳಾ ದಿನಾಚರಣೆಯನ್ನು ಆಚರಿಸುವ ದಿನ

- A) ಜೂನ್ 5 B) ಮಾರ್ಚ್ 8 C) ಏಪ್ರಿಲ್ 14 D) ಅಕ್ಟೋಬರ್ 2

49. Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribes are _____ communities.

- A) Dominant B) Privileged
C) Marginalized D) None of the above

ಪರಿಶಿಷ್ಟ ಜಾತಿ ಮತ್ತು ಪರಿಶಿಷ್ಟ ಪಂಗಡದವರನ್ನು _____ ಸಮುದಾಯಗಳು ಎನ್ನುತ್ತೇವೆ.

- A) ಪ್ರಬಲ B) ಸವಲತ್ತುವುಳ್ಳ
C) ಸೀಮಾಂತ D) ಮೇಲಿನ ಯಾವುದೂ ಅಲ್ಲ

50. Women Helpline Number

- A) 1912 B) 100 C) 1091 D) 108

ಮಹಿಳಾ ಸಹಾಯವಾಣಿ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ

- A) 1912 B) 100 C) 1091 D) 108

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

A



51. Muslims believe in

A) Atheism

B) Monotheism

C) Polytheism

D) Fetishism

ಮುಸ್ಲಿಂರವರು ನಂಬಿರುವುದು

A) ನಾಸ್ತಿಕತೆ

B) ಏಕದೇವತಾವಾದ

C) ಬಹುದೇವತಾವಾದ

D) ವಸ್ತು ಆರಾಧನ

52. The Kasaragodu border disputes is between Karnataka and _____ State.

A) Maharashtra

B) Tamil Nadu

C) Kerala

D) Andhra Pradesh

ಕಾಸರಗೋಡು ಗಡಿ-ವಿವಾದವು ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ಮತ್ತು _____ ರಾಜ್ಯಗಳಿಗೆ ಸಂಬಂಧಿಸಿದ್ದು.

A) ಮಹಾರಾಷ್ಟ್ರ

B) ತಮಿಳುನಾಡು

C) ಕೇರಳ

D) ಆಂಧ್ರಪ್ರದೇಶ

53. Two primary component of McDonaldization are _____ and _____.

A) Efficiency and Calculability

B) Cold and Soft

C) Value and Measure

D) None of the above

ಮೆಕ್ ಡೋನಾಲ್ಡ್‌ಜೇಷನ್‌ನ ಎರಡು ಪ್ರಮುಖ ಅಂಶಗಳು _____ ಮತ್ತು _____.

A) ದಕ್ಷತೆ ಮತ್ತು ಲೆಕ್ಕಾಚಾರ

B) ತಂಪು ಮತ್ತು ಮೃದು

C) ಮೌಲ್ಯ ಮತ್ತು ಅಳತೆ

D) ಮೇಲಿನ ಯಾವುದೂ ಅಲ್ಲ

54. The Contract Labour Act passed in the year

A) 1960

B) 1966

C) 1970

D) 1990

ಗುತ್ತಿಗೆ ಕಾರ್ಮಿಕರ ಕಾಯಿದೆ ಜಾರಿಯಾದ ವರ್ಷ

A) 1960

B) 1966

C) 1970

D) 1990

55. _____ points out that joint family, caste and village are three pillars of Indian society.

A) Iravathi Karve

B) T. N. Madan

C) K. M. Panikkar

D) A. R. Desai

ಅವಿಭಕ್ತ ಕುಟುಂಬಗಳು, ಜಾತಿ ಮತ್ತು ಗ್ರಾಮ ನಮ್ಮ ಸಮಾಜದ ಮೂರು ಆಧಾರ ಸ್ತಂಭಗಳು ಎಂದು ಗುರುತಿಸಿದ ಸಮಾಜಶಾಸ್ತ್ರಜ್ಞರು

A) ಇರಾವತಿ ಕಾರ್ವೆ

B) ಟಿ. ಎನ್. ಮದನ್

C) ಕೆ. ಎಂ. ಪಣಿಕ್ಕರ್

D) ಎ. ಆರ್. ದೇಸಾಯಿ

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

A